Weather

Very cloudy today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 46 and the minimum 40, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 52.7 and the minimum 21.

THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

NO. 2259 ,VOL VIII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 第五十五號 中華民國八年一月二十日 SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1919 大正四年第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

BREMEN IN GRIP OF COMMUNISTS; FORM REPUBLIC

Socialist Government Is Proclaimed And Ebert's Resignation Demanded

GREET BOLSHEVIKI

Telegram Expresses Hope Revolution Will Win In Russia And Germany

BERLIN IS QUIETER

Spartacist Revolt Collapses, Troops Surrender, Leaders Take Flight

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Bale, January 12.—A message from Munich states that thousands of workers marched in procession to the Bavarian Ministry of Foreign Affairs and demanded the liberation of eight Spartacist leaders who have been arrested. Herr Eisner at first refused to receive the delegation but finally consented "in order to avoid a repetition of the events in Berlin."

A Socialist Republic has been proclaimed in Bremen, where the Communists have replaced the Majority Socialists on the Workers' Council and have telegraphed to the Ebert Government in Berlin demanding its resignation and also to the Russian Bolsheviki hoping that the revolution will be victorious in Russia and Germany.

The Frankfort Gazette states that the Government artillery at eight o'clock yesterday morning from the Linden Strasse bombarded the Vorwarts building, the facade of which was brought down, burying the machine-guns which were defending the place. The Spartacists surrendered and 300 of them were taken prisoners. The Government troops are reported to have completely enveloped Spandau, the surrender of which is expected.

Liebknecht Ordered Arrested

Berne, January 13.—A message from Berlin states that the Spartacist revolt has been broken and military operations practically finished yesterday, after which only desultory firing occurred in the newspaper quarter. The newspapers are again publishing.

The Government has issued warrants for the arrest of Liebknecht, Rosa Luxemhourg, Eichhorn and Radek.

The Minister of War, Reinhardt, has declared that the military are now proceeding to disarm the population and a systematic search for arms has begun. Owing to the shortages of food, the future, however, is pregnant with difficulties for the Government has continued support from both soldiers and civilians largely depends on better supplies but it is authoritatively stated that the shortage is likely to grow worse.

Liebknecht's Fate In Doubt

Berlin, January 13.—It is reported that Liebknecht has fled to Leipzig and Eichhorn to Denmark.

Copenhagen, January 13.—There is still no verification of the report of Liebknecht's death. Indeed, he was reported to be making speeches in Berlin yesterday. It is extremely difficult to sift the facts from the mass of conflicting reports coming from Berlin.

Copenhagen, January 12.—Heavy fighting again blazed up in Berlin yesterday and continued all night long. The Berlin correspondent of the Frankfort Wagner Bureau reports that the result of this fighting was that the Spartacists in all the buildings they had occupied in the newspaper quarter, including the Wolff bureau and police headquarters, surrendered and were released after giving up their weapons and munitions. This is apparently the first substantial success obtained by the Ebert Government who, although they are strengthening their position from a military point of view, are said to be losing their prestige politically.

The fate of Liebknecht, the Spartacist leader, is still not clear.

Ledebour Reported Captured

It is reported that Ledebour, one of the Spartacist leaders, was captured

(Continued on Page 5)

Poland Is Allowed To Defend Itself Against Bolsheviki

Forces Also Massing In Southern Russia To Drive Off Soviet Troops

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, January 13.—The Times correspondent at Warsaw, in a message dated the 11th, says that the people are jubilant over the announcement that Marshal Foch has ordered the retiring German forces, which have hitherto been opposing the Poles, to allow the passage of the Polish troops in order that they may defend their frontiers against the Bolsheviki.

The promoters of the National Assembly, which meets on February 16, declare that the Assembly will demand an open alliance with the Entente.

The popularity of Paderewski is growing every day.

Situation In South Russia

The Times correspondent at Constantinople, in a message dated the 6th, states that the military situation in Southern Russia is becoming promising. Large armies to oppose the Bolsheviki have taken the field. General Deniken's army comprises 130,000 officers and men with headquarters at Ekaterinodar and a base on the Black Sea at Novorissik. Northwards of General Deniken's army, General Krasnoff is operating with 250,000 men.

The Caucasus has now been practically cleared of Bolsheviki and the main objective of these forces is to establish a junction between General Krasnoff and the Siberian army.

Freeze To Death In Petrograd

Stockholm, January 13.—A message from Helsingfors says that travelers from Petrograd state that the conditions there are awful. The population is starving and freezing to death en masse, and the mortality is so great that the same coffins are being used repeatedly.

Stockholm, January 13.—An official communique issued by the Esthonian Government today reports:

In the coastal area we have reached the line Malla-Tolks-Vaikull.

Our troops have captured three manors in the direction of Laisholmdorpat.

How Pichon Note Came Out

London, January 13.—All the French newspapers condemn the publication of M. Pichon's note by the Socialist organ L'Humanite, which is campaigning against M. Clemenceau and which antedated the note in order to create a false belief that he had withheld knowledge of it from the Chamber of Deputies in his recent speech on foreign affairs. Its publication was also intended to create the impression that dissension existed between Great Britain and France on the eve of the Peace Conference. The proposal made by Great Britain was one among many and its isolated publication was deliberately mischievous. However, the result has been that Washington and London have assured Paris that they agree entirely with M. Pichon's point of view.

Gen. Deniken Recognises Authority Of Koltchak

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Harbin, January 14.—The dictator, Admiral Koltchak, has received a telegram from Ekaterinodar, the headquarters of General Deniken, signed by M. Sazonoff, formerly Russian Minister for Foreign Affairs, in which the latter states that General Deniken is ready to acknowledge Admiral Koltchak's authority, being sure that his principles are the same as those of General Denfken's volunteer army, which are the restoration of a United Russia and armed opposition to and the destruction of all Bolshevik organisations.

Admiral Koltchak has replied acknowledging that the Government created in the East is a definite step towards national union, "to attain which we are all striving. Your program has met with the approval of my Government and our common aim and mutual confidence guarantee our success. Your telegram strengthens my belief in the restoration of a United Russia."

The Russian Telegraph Agency states that on the Western front of the Siberian army "after a series of operations our troops, under the pressure of overwhelming enemy forces, again evacuated the town of Birsk."

It Happens In The Best Regulated Families — By Briggs

I GOT THIS OFFA THE BOCHE THAT I KILLED.
HM!
JUST THINK OF IT- MY MY-
GEE
TRY IT ON MA- IT WON'T HURTCHA-
NOW RAYMOND BEHAVE- I WON'T HAVE THE DIRTY THING ON STOP!!
PUT A FEATHER IN IT AND YOU'VE GOT A NEW WINTER LID
YOU LOOK SOMETHING LIKE THE GUY I TOOK IT FROM PA
HORACE! HOW AWFUL!
HOW DO I LOOK!?
LEMME TRY IT ON PAW
THAT'S TH' WAY IT FITS THE HUNS
MAKES A NICE CAP FOR YA WILLIE
ITS SO HARD TO IMAGINE THAT IT REALLY WAS ON THE HEAD OF A GERMAN
KIN TAKE IT TO SCHOOL
BRIGGS '18

—New York Tribune

FOOD ISSUE DOMINANT IN EUROPE, SAYS WILSON

Only Relief Can Stop Westward March Of Bolshevism, He Telegraphs Congress

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, January 14.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—President Wilson in a message to Congress solemnly urged that Congress appropriate $100,000,000 for food relief in Europe. He said that Bolshevism steadily advancing westward was poisoning Germany. This could not be stopped by force; it could be stopped only by food. He said that food relief was the key to the whole European situation and the solution of peace problems.

A message from Mr. Henry C. White, one of the American peace delegates, also said that the westward advance of Bolshevism dominated the European situation above everything else and that it was of the utmost importance that President Wilson's request be granted.

MR. ROS WILL NOT SIT IN CHINESE CIVIL CASES

Name Of Italian Assessor, Who Heard Passeri Case, Omitted In 1919 List

The name of Italian Assessor G. Ros is omitted from the list of Consular officials appointed by the Consular Body to sit in Chinese civil cases at the Mixed Court during 1919. The announced list includes American Assessors R. P. Tenney and G. J. Spiker and British Assessors P. Grant Jones and A. H. Blackburn. Mr. Ros sat during 1918 and was the assessor who heard the Passeri case, the Shun Pao case and several other important civil actions in the past year.

Armed Robbers Loot Office In Hongkong

Bind Shroff And Clerks Of Gibbs, Livingston And Co. And Escape With $18,000

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, January 15.—A gang of armed robbers entered and looted the compradore department of Messrs. Gibb, Livingston and Co. last evening. The shroff, boys and Chinese clerks who were working at the time were bound while the robbers ransacked and carried off banknotes and silver coins to the amount of $18,000. The robbers left a fully loaded revolver on the premises. It is believed that two arrests have been made.

Peking Refuses To Cancel Order For Opium Burning

Instructs Commissioner To Proceed With Destruction Of Drug In Pootung Tomorrow

"Burn the opium stock Friday as originally planned," was the telegraphic instruction received from Peking yesterday at the office of the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs by Commissioners Chang Yi-pang, Ivan Chen and Feng Kuo-hsun. The decision is final, as it also took the form of a reply to the telegram of Mr. Tang Shao-yi, who, together with many other leading Chinese at Shanghai, favor the presentation of the drug to the Allied Red Cross.

The examination of the stock stored at the godown of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co. was completed yesterday shortly after noon. This lot, consisting of 448 chests of Patna opium and 192 chests of Malwa, will be destroyed in Pootung, starting Friday morning at 9 o'clock in accordance with the instructions. Today the officials and the Customs officers engaged in the examination will take a holiday.

Yesterday's examination shattered all former records in speed. Ninety-four chests were examined in less than four hours. Moving pictures were taken of the officials and the staff by the Commercial Press in the morning. The picture will form part of a lengthy reel that will record the burning of this stock as well as that stored in the godown of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co. More pictures will be taken when the actual burning takes place Friday and the examination of the Sassoon stock is resumed in the Ewo godown. These pictures will be distributed throughout the world and among the cities in the provinces.

Every precaution is being taken for the transportation tomorrow of the drug to Pootung. The supply for each day's burning only, estimated at about 120 chests, will be conveyed to Pootung in order to avoid any unnecessary waste of transportation.

A collection was taken during the examination yesterday by Dr. Wu Lien-teh for the purpose of financing the international anti-opium movement. Over $300 was collected. Among the heavy subscribers were Mr. Feng Kuo-hsun, the Customs Superintendent, Commissioner Chang Yi-pang and Mr. L. W. Dupre, the chemist.

Mr. Dupre's official report on the samples taken at the examination and tested in his laboratory was submitted to Commissioner Chang yesterday. He certified that the material tested was genuine Patna opium.

Plans for the mass meeting Friday afternoon at 5:15 o'clock at the Y.M.C.A. have been completed. Numerous letters of endorsement have been received from the Consular, municipal and police officials and members of various institutions. Ladies will also be admitted to the meeting. The resolutions specially drafted by a committee will be published tomorrow.

Growing Of Opium Spreading Widely In North And South

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, January 10.—Reports come in to Peking every day as to the extensive spread of the drug habit and the increasing area over which the poppy is being grown. In North China, at least, there seems to be hardly a hsien in which Japanese agents are not selling morphia products and hypodermic syringes. The local newspapers are daily giving records from various places indicating that the trade goes on almost without interruption.

I have just seen reports that are full of interest in this connection, which show that at practically every city and town between Tientsin and the Great Wall along the line of the Peking-Mukden railway, there are Japanese agents dealing in drug and utensils, and evidently doing a thriving trade. In this part of China there is comparatively little actual peddling of the drug by Japanese peddlars, but the peddling is done by Chinese, who get their supplies from Japanese sources. The Japanese, however, are waking up to the fact that somebody is taking notice of this traffic, for recently it has happened that when, in accordance with a scheme that is on foot for obtaining information on this subject, non-using Chinese, the servants of foreigners in fact, have gone to Japanese shops to buy opium, they have been refused be-

(Continued on Page 6)

POSITION AT ARCHANGEL FAVORABLE FOR ALLIES

Official U.S. Army Report Summarises Operations Since December 1

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, January 14.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—General Peyton C. March, Chief-of-Staff of the army, published today a report on the American operations in North Russia from the military attache in Archangel. The report covers December and early January and indicates that the situation is regarded as satisfactory from a military and sanitary point of view.

It shows that the operations undertaken in December were for the purpose of consolidating American and Allied lines for winter occupation and breaking up the Bolshevik concentration south of Archangel. The advance made was as much as twelve miles on December 29 and three enemy attempts to retake the positions were repulsed on January 3. Subsequently the Allied lines withdrew slightly to better positions, where they are now standing.

The American recapture of the town of Kadish is mentioned in the report.

693,889 U.S. Troops Are Mustered Out

1,151,000 Are Designated For Demobilisation, Including Men Now Overseas

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, January 14.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—Reporting on the progress of American demobilisation, General Peyton C. March, Chief-of-Staff of the army, said that it was proceeding at a rate twice as fast as in Great Britain. Up to January 10, 693,889 troops were discharged, as compared with 352,658 in Britain. The number of American officers discharged was 47,028, as against 3,038 British.

The American troops now scheduled for demobilisation numbered 1,151,000 including 36,000 actually returned from overseas and units en route or designated for return.

ALLIED DELEGATES AGREE TO PROVIDE FOOD FOR ENEMY

Will Revictual Countries Of Central Europe On Certain Conditions

WANT TRANSPORT

Germany Must Use Own Ships Now Lying Idle In Ports

MAKE NEW TERMS

Poland, Rumania And Czecho-Slovakia Included In Relief Plan

(French Wireless)

Paris, January 14.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). After the meeting of military, naval and economic experts, which took place on Monday morning, the Supreme Inter-Allied Council met in the afternoon as well as the Prime Ministers and Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the Allied and Associated Powers.

It appears, from the official communiques and the additional information published in the press, that the following decisions were agreed upon:

The Council decided that it was able to revictual Germany and the neighboring countries (Jugo-Slavia, Czecho-Slovakia, Poland, Hungary and Rumania), exacting, however, that Germany shall furnish the means to bring the necessary supplies by allowing the utilisation of all the German merchant ships at present lying in German or neutral ports.

Must Use German Ships

The Allies claim, in addition from Germany, the restitution of all material carried away by her troops from the factories in the occupied regions which it is possible to identify.

The financial clauses have for their object to place in safety the gold reserve of the Reichsbank.

The new conditions of the armistice, from the naval point of view, imposed on Germany the surrender of all the submarine material which has not yet been completely carried out.

Delegates Allotted To Powers

In the course of the sitting in the afternoon, the Inter-Allied War Council proceeded with the examination of the program for the Peace Conference and fixed the number of delegates of each state. France, Great Britain, the United States, Italy and Japan will have five plenipotentiaries; Brazil will have three, two delegates will represent Belgium, Servia, Greece, Poland, Czecho-Slovakia, Rumania and China and only one plenipotentiary will speak on behalf of Portugal and of all the states which have only broken off relations with the Central Empires.

Canada, Australia, South Africa and India will also have two delegates and New Zealand and Newfoundland one. The question of the representation of the Jugo-Slav Kingdom was reserved.

The first plenary meeting of the Peace Conference will be held on Saturday, January 18, in the afternoon at the Ministry for Foreign Affairs.

Who Will Represent China?

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, January 14.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—The Supreme War Council reassembled at the French Foreign Office at 2:30 Monday afternoon. The French, British, Italian and Japanese delegates and President Wilson were present, this being the first time the Japanese delegates have attended. It was reported in this connection that China would be represented by Japan at the conference but would have its own delegation in Paris.

The first business before the council was the settlement of the question of representation in the first section of the Inter-Allied Conference, M. Clemenceau, it was decided, will be the permanent president of the international peace conference as a mark of proper tribute to the premier of the country in which the conference is being held.

The Chinese delegation to the conference is now complete, all the

members not present in Paris before having arrived last Friday and Saturday.

Armistice Terms Discussed

Paris, January 13.—The military naval and economic experts of the Allies met this morning at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs under the presidency of Marshal Foch.

The Supreme Inter-Allied War Council met this afternoon to consider the decisions of the military experts and the reports of the Ministers concerned. They will subsequently definitively adopt the new conditions to be imposed on Germany for the renewal of the armistice. At the conclusion of the meeting Marshal Foch is leaving for Treves to meet the German plenipotentiaries on the 14th and 15th.

Among the matters discussed at the meeting of the Allied military and naval experts this morning were, firstly, the decisions regarding sending reinforcements of men and material to assist the Poles; secondly, the question of the Allied use of German commercial shipping as compensation for the tonnage sunk by German submarines; thirdly, the question of the occupation of certain German ports as a guarantee for the carrying out of the clauses of the armistice and as a punishment for the difficulties which the Germans have hitherto opposed; fourthly, the question of the German gold reserve and, finally, the victualling of Germany.

British Delegation Meets

London, January 13. Press Bureau.—A communique from Paris states that the British Imperial Delegation, consisting of the British and Dominion Ministers and the Indian delegates, met this morning and discussed several matters connected with the Peace Conference.

The Supreme War Council this afternoon settled the terms on which the armistice is to be renewed, including questions connected with the treatment of German shipping, the surrender of submarines hitherto under construction or repair, the completion of the transfer of railway and transportation material and the restoration of machinery taken from the Allied territories.

An informal conference later exchanged views regarding procedure and other matters connected with the Peace Conference and it was decided to hold the first formal meeting of the Preliminary Inter-Allied Conference on the 18th.

SAZONOFF TO BE PRESENT

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Harbin, January 14.—It is understood that M. Sazonoff will be one of the Russian delegates at the Paris Peace Conference.

U.S. RED CROSS TO CARE FOR RUSSIAN PRISONERS

Officer Heads Mission Into Germany To Look Out For Million Captives There

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, January 14.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—The interests of a million Russian prisoners of war in Germany are to be looked after by Major Carl Kaylor, of the American Red Cross, who is proceeding to Germany with a Red Cross expedition.

Bolsheviki Branching Into South America

Four Russians Arrested In Plot To Overthrow Argentine And Uruguay Governments

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Monte Video, January 13.—Four Russians have been arrested and have confessed that they were the leaders in a plot to overthrow the Uruguay and Argentine Governments and to establish Soviets. The police are searching for other conspirators.

AGENTS OF BOLSHEVIKI ARE ACTIVE IN HOLLAND

Propagandists, Inspired From Germany, Spending Millions To Spread Doctrine

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, January 10.—The Haagsche Post says that Bolshevik propagandists are very active in Holland where they are spending millions of florins. Borisovitch, formerly general manager of Siemens' factories in Moscow, is now one of the principal Bolshevist, while a former director of a German banking firm is acting as the Bolshevik foreign financial agent. Bolshevik propaganda was first carried abroad by German foreign office couriers.

Fire In London Guts Big Food Warehouse

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, January 13.—Another food warehouse in the East End has been gutted by fire, the damage being estimated at £150,000. The cause is unknown.

DR. FITCH DESCRIBES JOURNEY TO THIBET

Gives Illustrated Talk On 4,000-Mile Trip To China's Western Borderland

A lecture illustrated with lantern slides, describing a 4,000-mile trip to the Thibetan borderland through Szechuen Province, was given before the Union Church Literary and Social Guild last night by the Rev. R. K. Fitch. Dr. Fitch made the journey in 1917, leaving here on June 11 with Messrs. S. D. Gamble and H. H. Arthur. The party returned October 11. About 3,000 photographs were made on the trip.

A number of pictures of the Yangtsze Gorges were first shown. Dr. Fitch described the stream as follows: "When we ascended and descended the stream, conditions were unusually favorable, yet even the descent was full of danger. At times vortices would suddenly develop and our boat, manned by 17 men, would be whirled around regardless of our efforts. At one place in the Gorges, because of sudden turns, irregular banks, boulders and crevasses in the bed of the stream, powerful eddies and backwashes were formed, so that the current was going both up and down stream on its two sides at the rate of 15 miles an hour. Here we were turned about many times and only went down the stream a few hundred yards in the course of 45 minutes. Often the water ahead of us would suddenly boil up like a cauldron and the spreading mass of water would threaten to force the boat against the side of the stream."

Dr. Fitch also told of an eye-witness who had seen, within the space of a half hour, as many as a dozen large boats caught in a whirlpool which is at the confluence of the Yangtsze and the Suining Rivers. Each of these boats was in turn sucked into the vortex and nothing more was seen of them.

The salt wells were described and some interesting facts were given concerning them. Dr. Fitch also described the famous irrigation works at Kuanhsien which were begun by the famous Li Pin who lived 2,000 years ago.

Two maps, which showed the method of sub-dividing the streams, were thrown on the screen. In connection with this irrigation system was described the water wheels, pictures of them were shown and their principle of working was described.

A number of photos were shown which explained in detail the structure of the wonderful cable bridges of the Min River. The party had to cross one bridge where the cables were well rotted and half of them were already broken, the planks which were laid on them having fallen into the stream below.

There were also shown the houses and walled cities of the Chang Min, the aborigines of the borderland beyond the Min River. Some of these houses are seven stories in height and all are built of stone, the larger ones being covered with flat cement roofs. There were also the wonderful conning towers built during the time of the Emperor Ch'ien Lung. These towers are also places of final defense in case of siege.

The Thibetan monastery of Tsakulou was also shown as well as some of the prayer-wheels. In another temple the party spent one whole day taking pictures of images and of mural paintings, the temple belonging to the now almost extinct Bonpo Sect which is yet earlier than Yellow and Red Lamaism.

The lecture closed with some more views taken along the Min River. That section in which the party traveled has since reverted to Thibetan control. On many occasions during the trip the party was exposed to the local bandits, who were everywhere in evidence. On certain occasions when a military escort was provided it took care to carry no fire arms, lest they be taken by the bandits and the men themselves be killed.

Zionist Movement Endorsed By Japan

Aspirations For Jewish National Homeland Favored By Viscount Uchida

Japan has endorsed the movement for a Jewish National Homeland in Palestine. The Japanese Government was approached by the Shanghai Zionist Association in September, Mr. Ellis Kadoorie, President, handing a petition to the French Ambassador at Tokio for transmission to Viscount Uchida, Minister for Foreign Affairs.

A letter from the French Embassy was received by Mr. Kadoorie yesterday announcing that the Japanese Government has pledged its sympathy to the realisation of the aspirations of Zionists throughout the world.

The Shanghai Zionist Association has replied, expressing appreciation, and has cabled the news of Japan's declaration to the Zionist organisation in London and New York.

French Air Mission Arrives In Japan

Officers Who Will Train Japanese Army Aviators Heartily Welcomed In Tokio

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, January 15.—The party of French aviation officers, who have been invited to Japan to train army aviators, arrived today and received a very hearty reception.

Siberian Comforts Fund

The Honorary Treasurer begs to acknowledge with thanks receipt of the following contributions to the above fund:

	Tls.	$
Balance in hand on Jan. 15, 1919	217.79	2,850.58
Louza Police Station Canteen		47.00
Shanghai Race Club share in net proceeds of New Year Race meeting		5,000.00
A.M.S.		140.00
	Tls. 217.79	$8,037.58

H. H. Fox,
Hon. Treasurer.

Lecture Given Today On Chinese Legend

Mr. Charles Kliene Will Talk On 'The Land Of Peach Bloom'

Mr. Charles Kliene will read a paper on "The Land of Peach Bloom," a Chinese legend of the third century B.C., at a meeting of the Royal Asiatic Society, 5 Museum Road, this afternoon at 5:30 o'clock. The meeting will be open to the public.

LU YUNG-TING SENDS A FEELER TO PEKING

Southern Military Chieftain Makes Presents To Hsu Shih-chang And Gets Some Back

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, January 15.—A special messenger from Inspector-General Lu Yung-ting recently arrived in Peking bearing costly presents to President Hsu Shih-chang. The messenger requested the President to write ancestral scrolls for Lu Yung-ting. The President complied and the messenger departed with beautiful presents from Hsu Shih-chang. The incident is considered to be a very important one in Chinese circles.

The Government includes the Southern representatives in the forthcoming list of honors.

GENERAL BELL, U.S.A., DIES OF HEART DISEASE

Had Congressional Medal Of Honor For Bravery In Spanish-American War

American Wireless To Tientsin

New York, January 10.—Major General Franklin Bell, commanding a department of the United States Army, died on Wednesday at the Presbyterian Hospital of heart disease, aged sixty-three years. While a major in the Spanish-American War he prominently participated in the Philippines campaign. One exploit was his going into the harbor among the Spanish fortifications to obtain information which was unavailable otherwise. He was given the Congressional Medal of Honor in the Luzon campaign for gallantry in leading a charge against enemy works. He was later commander of the Philippine Department.

GENERAL STRIKE ENDS IN ARGENTINE CAPITAL

Only Dockhands Are Still Out After Government Steps In To Mediate

(French Wireless)

Paris, January 14.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). A message from Buenos Aires says that after a conference between the President of the Republic and the delegates of the employers and workers, the general strike has ended. However, the strike of dockhands continues.

During the three days rioting it is estimated that 250 to 500 persons were killed and more than a thousand wounded.

U.S. GOVERNMENT BOARD GIVES UP COFFEE OPTION

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, January 14.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—The War Trade Board today announced that the option on purchase heretofore held by the Sugar Equalisation Board on all coffee imported into the United States has been relinquished.

INDIAN CABINET MEMBER TO BE GIVEN A PEERAGE

Sir Satyendra Sinha Will Represent Nation's Interest In House Of Lords

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, January 13.—The Daily Telegraph states that Sir Satyendra Sinha, the new Under-Secretary for India will be created a peer to enable him to represent the interests of India in the House of Lords.

Tientsin Editor Gets French Decoration

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, January 15.—Mr. H. G. W. Woodhead has received the silver Medaille de la Reconnaisance Francaise for his activities during the war in the immediate interests of France and the Allied cause.

(Mr. Woodhead is editor of the Peking and Tientsin Times in Tientsin.)

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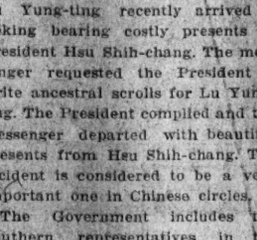

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Every person wishes to GET AHEAD, but many are unwilling to pay the price.

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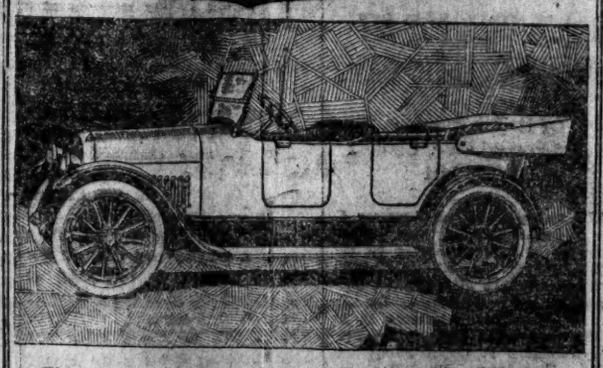

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WORK SUSPENDED ON CHEFOO BREAKWATER

Delay In Building Of Complementary Railway Is The Reason

China Press Correspondence

Chefoo, January 4.—Work for the time being has ceased upon the breakwater but a good stretch of the construction is now showing and it affords a certain amount of protection in bad weather. It was originally intended by promoters of the two principal schemes for the improvement of Chefoo that the Chefoo-Huangshien-Weihsien railway should proceed *pari passu* with the breakwater but while the latter is well under way there are no signs of the former. As the breakwater and the railway are in reality but one scheme it will be the height of folly to complete the one without undertaking the construction of the latter. It is sincerely hoped that now the war is over agitation for the railway will be persistently revived and that Chefoo will not be satisfied until the railway is in operation. But the responsibility for the non-construction rests with Peking which place alone can give the sanction necessary for the commencement of the work.

ITALY WILL MAKE BID FOR MORE CHINA TRADE

Bank And General Agency In Shanghai Are Among Plans Proposed

The development of trade between Italy and China is part of Italy's commercial program after the war. The establishment of an Italian Bank in China and a general agency for Italian merchandise at Shanghai are two of the proposals urged by G. A. Bena, President of the Italian Chamber of Commerce of Shanghai, now in Italy for the express purpose of furthering trade between the two countries.

Italy's trade with China, before the war diverted tonnage and merchandise to the use of the Allies, was progressing favorably. Italian machinery was competing successfully in China with the most important machinery concerns in the world.

With the enlargement of machinery establishments in Italy for greater production to meet war requirements, Italy's output became much greater than before the war, and it is in this field especially, according to Mr. Bena, that Italy will be able to increase her trade with China. China will seek all sorts of machinery and utensils to develop her natural resources, to build roads, bridges, railroads, aqueducts, and Italy will be in a position to meet a part of these requirements.

In return Mr. Bena assures Italian merchants that China can send to Italy the raw materials needed by her industrial establishments. Once these trade currents to and from China and Italy have begun to flow, Mr Bena believes the much-heralded steamship line between the two countries will be established without further delay.

FIGHTING IN SHENSI

China Press Correspondence

Sianfu, Shensi, January 6.—Fengtien troops have been passing through Sian in large numbers the last week. Fighting is reported to be taking place 130 li west of the city.

Handjungfu city is now occupied by the former Szechuen Governor, Liu Hswin-ho, while surrounding the city are the troops of the present Governor, Hsiung Chieh-woo. The people of that district are in a sorry plight. It seems strange that the Szechuenese could not find room within their own borders to settle their disputes, but entered Shensi and are adding to the already overflowing cup of misery which the residents of this province have been obliged to drink.

In Sian all is peaceful but money is scarce.

Railless Tram Line Will Be Extended

Municipal Council Overrules Protests Of Mr. G. E. Tucker And 49 Others

Railless trams will be allowed to run along Peking Road from Foklen to Thibet Roads, the Municipal Council having overruled protests against the extension. Correspondence between Mr. G. E. Tucker, who with 49 others objected to the granting of the extension, the Council and Mr. D. McColl, General Manager of the Shanghai Electric Construction Company, Ltd., is published in this week's Municipal Gazette.

The Council's letter to Mr. Tucker says it appreciates the stand that the extension of railless tram service along Peking Road is not in the interests of owners of vehicles other than trams but cannot let this factor outweigh others. The development and progress in the Settlement of frequent, rapid and cheap transport facilities; the linking up of one area with another; alleviation of congestion by reducing heavy pedestrian traffic, and the obviation, so far as is possible, of the necessity for increase in those forms of vehicular traffic that take up road space out of proportion to the loads they carry are cited as factors which should be taken into consideration in the Council's letter to Mr. Tucker.

"Eighty million fares per annum are surely entitled to as much consideration as those whose general mode of conveyance is the motor-car, carriage or the ricsha," the letter continues.

The Council points out that "In sanctioning the extension, the Council does not grant any monopoly to the Shanghai Electric Construction Company and is of the opinion that should some form of self-propelled and self-contained vehicle be evolved which is more suited to the requirements of the community and able successfully to compete with the railless tram in regard to convenient, quick and cheap transport the community should not be precluded from taking full advantage thereof.

"Meanwhile the Council holds the view that the community should where conditions are favorable avail itself of the best form of modern cheap transport at present available," the letter says.

MUNICIPAL STAFF CHANGES

The following staff changes are announced in the Municipal Gazette:

Police Force.—1st Class Sergeant M. L. Baillie is invalided from January 20.

Senior Warder R. C. Elyton is permitted to terminate his service on March 31.

1st Class Sergeant Jas. McKenzie is permitted to terminate his service on June 27, the date of expiry of his agreement.

Warder No. 25, Sher Singh, is discharged, invalided, from January 10.

Educational Department.—Mlle. M. Probst is appointed temporarily as French Mistress in the Public School for Girls from January 6.

Miss F. MacGregor, Student Mistress in the Public School for Girls, is appointed Assistant Mistress under an agreement from January 1.

The service of Mr. M. C. Clare, Assistant Master in the Thomas Hanbury School for Boys, will terminate on January 11.

S.V.C. CORPS ORDERS

Upon the recommendation of the Commandant the promotion of the following to be lieutenant is authorised with seniority from the dates of first appointment:

Machine Gun Company.—2nd Lieut. H. W. Rodgers.

American Company.—2nd Lieut. G. F. Ashley.

Chinese Company.—2nd Lieut. B. Y. Woo.

American Company.—2nd Lieut. V. Olsen.

"B" Company, British.—2nd Lieut. F. J. W. Melville.

Artillery.—2nd Lieut. R. A. Stuart.

Staff Sergt.-Major's Quarters.—The lease from Messrs. Hanson, McNeill, Jones and Wright of No. 16, Burkill Road has been renewed for a further period of one year terminating on December 31, 1919.

U.S. MAIL IN YESTERDAY

Thirty-five sacks of letter mail and 135 bags of second-class matter, transhipped from the Siberia Maru at Yokohama, arrived at the United States Postal Agency yesterday afternoon.

Amoy Red Cross Chapter's Work

China Press Correspondence

Amoy, December 30.—At the annual meeting today the Amoy Chapter of the Red Cross elected the following officers: C. E. Gauss, Chairman, Dr. E. J. Strick, Vice-Chairman, H. Renshers secretary and treasurer. It was reported that the chapter enrollment includes 62 regular and 16 associate members. Of the 62 regular members 16 are children. The Chairman's report included the following interesting items:

While the Amoy Chapter of the Red Cross was not finally organised until June, 1918, the Red Cross and war relief activities of the American community of Amoy date back to Thanksgiving, 1916, when in response to the President's Thanksgiving Proclamation a Red Cross Fund was opened and by voluntary contributions from American and Philippine citizens alone the sum of $648.86 local currency was raised. Again, in July, 1917, an Independence Day Fund for the American Red Cross was opened, and American and Philippine citizens contributed $942.85 local currency. On Thanksgiving, 1917, Americans and Philippine citizens raised $1,005.74 local currency by voluntary contributions; and during the Second War Fund Drive of the American Red Cross in May, 1918, the first American fund to which foreign and Chinese contributions were invited, $6,611 local currency was raised. This represents a grand total of $9,208.45 local currency, raised for American Red Cross purposes.

During Roll Call Week of Christmas, 1918, every American, man, woman and child was enrolled as a member of the American Red Cross.

The report also touched on the activities of the ladies of the American community and the results of their war work, which, considering the size of the American community and the various duties and activities of the American ladies in mission and other work, compared very favorably with the showing which any other American chapter in China might make.

The Chairman mentioned that during his visit to the United States he had been privileged to meet the heads of the Red Cross at Washington, and to study at first hand the activities of the Red Cross in the United States and to obtain some idea of the tremendous work being carried on by this wonderful organisation amongst all the Allied military and naval forces and the suffering peoples of the world.

It was pointed out that there was still a huge task left for the American Red Cross to accomplish, and the continued support and activities of the members of the local chapter were urged.

Mrs. Gauss, director of women's work of the chapter, also read her report. This report showed that one week after America entered the war, the first letter was written with a view to ascertaining in what way the American women of Amoy might cooperate in war relief work for the Americans. An organisation of the ladies of Amoy was soon accomplished and materials purchased. The ladies had worked untiringly in making sweaters, socks, bandages, etcetera. The totals of articles made include:

Sweaters 76; 94 pairs socks; 6 helmets; 1,864 bandages; 43 bandaged foot socks; 60 pairs of bed socks; wristlets, helmets, pajamas, hospital bed shirts, etc.

Thirty meetings of the ladies had been held, but most of the work had been done at home by the individual workers with splendid contributions from the mission school at Tongan.

The thanks of the ladies were due to Messrs. Butterfield and Swire, who had carried shipments to and from Shanghai without charge.

MR. KLINE NOW VICE-CONSUL

Mr. Charles E. Kline, who joined the staff of the United States Consulate General as a clerk in September, 1917, has been appointed vice-consul. The appointment dates from December 12. Mr. Kline came here from Manila, where he was a stenographer in the Bureau of Customs.

DO ONE THING PROPERLY

A Hint Regarding Work And Health

The people who often succeed in life are not those versatile souls who can turn their hands to anything—Jack of all trades, master of none—but those who devote themselves to doing one thing only and doing it well. So it is with business. Not many people get rich by turning a sewing-machine which will make any thing you like; but fortunes are made by an automatic machine that turns out just one little bolt or screw all day long.

In medicine that which does the most good is the one which does one thing only, and does it well—that is, Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people, which make good, rich, plentiful red blood, and nothing else. All the good effects which have made Dr. Williams' pink pills famous result from their wonderful power of blood-making. The firm step, steady nerves, hearty appetite, improved brain-power, ironclad digestion, firm, red lips, and clear eye, that are conspicuous when Dr. Williams' pink pills are taken—all come from the rich, red blood that they make.

If you are ailing or losing energy you will do well to obtain Dr. Williams' pink pills now. Any dealer can supply you, or send direct, one bottle for $1.50, six for $8.00, post free, by the China offices of the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

How and why Dr. Williams' pink pills achieve wonderful results is explained in a free book, "The Blood and Its Work," for which you should send a postcard to the above address.

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The pleasing blend of tobacco in Chienmen, made in a larger size, bids well to become the best liked of these larger Cigarettes.

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News and Views in the World of Books

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Scratch Pads, White Paper, 3 × 4½, 70 leaves	0.08
Perforated Pads, 4 × 5, 65 leaves	0.10
Perforated Pads, 2¾ × 3¾, 70 leaves	0.03
Manila Pads, 3 × 5, 70 leaves	0.05
Ruled Cards in Pads, 3 × 5, 50 cards	0.20
Ruled Cards in Pads, 6 × 4, 50 cards	0.25
Tabulating Pads, 9½ × 6, 60 leaves, 4 columns	0.60
Cross Section Pads, 1/10, 9½ × 6, 60 leaves	1.00
Cross Section Pads, 1/10, 13½ × 8½, 50 leaves	1.00
"Daily Reminder," A Week to a Sheet, 9 × 6	0.80
Stenographer's Notebooks, red lines, 6 × 9, 76 leaves	0.25
Stenograhper's Notebooks, red line 4¾ × 8¾, 76 leaves	0.15

10% given on half gross lots.

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An extension has now been made in our Sales Office, commencing January 11, 1919. Imported foreign books counter is now on the first floor and our own foreign publications are sold at the same place. A very large space is available for exhibition of foreign books, which may be easily reached for examination. Our patrons are cordially invited to go up to the first floor to see our big and new shipments just arrived.

A few of the new arrivals:

	Mex.
Richardson: Boy Scout Movement	$3.75
Gowin: Athletic Training	3.75
Murphy: Athletic Training	3.12
First Aid to the Sick	3.13
The Family Doctor	5.00
Consumption and Its Cure	3.13
Davis: Stories for Boys	1.50
White: Book of Games	2.50
Humour of Ireland	3.75
Cordy: American Explorers	1.40
Frain: True Stories of Crime	3.75
Some Curios from World Collectors' Cabinets	2.00
Success is for You	2.50
Rilsenbery: Under Sail	6.25
Meaning of Money	3.75
British Shipping	5.00
Rowe: Society	3.75
Richardson: Classification	1.25
Hall: Recent Examplification	3.12
Great Educator: Alcium	3.13
Great Educator: Aristotle	3.13
Great Educator: Comenies	3.13
Great Educator: Froebel	3.13
Great Educator: Abelard	3.13
Gateway to History, Book I	0.84
Gateway to History, Book III	1.44
Niver: Brief Story of the World	2.52
Sellar: Next Step to Religion	3.75
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Mr. S. S. CHOW

announces that since Oct. 18, 1918, he is no longer connected with the COMMERCIAL PRESS, LTD., as Manager of Foreign Books Dept., Business Manager of Commercial Press Correspondence School, and Associate Editor of the "English Student" and the "English Weekly." He will be located at S 11 Ningpo Road (office of the China-America Trading Corporation) from January 25, 1919.

Lafcadio Hearn

Reminiscences of Lafcadio Hearn. By Setsuko Koizumi, (Mrs. Hearn). Translated from the Japanese by Paul Kiyoshi Hisada and Frederick Johnson. Boston and New York: Houghton Mifflin Company. $1 (gold).

Mention has already been made of the articles by Mrs. Hearn, published in Atlantic Monthly. With some changes of arrangement and a few additions these articles are now published in book form. And so charming are they, so fragrant, so living, that we most heartily welcome their permanent acquisition for ourselves. The reader may be struck at once with the quaint, childlikeness of the author's style. It has the simplicity as of some one very young, devoted, sincere, not writing, but talking to us. It is, indeed, not like a book at all, but like delicate fragments of conversation. Yet out of its quaintness, its ingenuousness, its lack of settled plan there merges a picture almost startlingly vivid of Lafcadio Hearn—the picture of a man beauty-loving, sensitive, outspoken, simple, kind, enamored of ancient quiet things, impatient of "progress" and bustling Western ways, a man withal who is happy, and very beautifully devoted to his family and his home.

Moreover, in these simple settings-forth of little things there is a poet's feeling on the part of the woman who has written them, and more than once a poet's fashion of presentation. No one who lacked the poet's instinct surely could have written:

"We might have stayed there much longer in the province of Boki, where the storm was heavy on the sea."

Or have glimpsed the perfect, comprehensive simplicity of:

"I think that he always liked Japan better than the West, and a dream-world better than this world of reality."

The "reminiscences" are of Hearn in his home, his likes and dislikes in the matter of houses and domestic things, his ways of writing, his little habits with his children, his attitude toward strangers and society and social customs, and at the end the story of his death. Here is a significant little paragraph:

"Hearn avoided society and seemed eccentric because he valued so highly things of beauty and of interest and was fond of them. For that reason I frequently observed that he wept when alone by himself, and he was irritated or elated in an abnormal degree. His greatest pleasure was to live and write in the world of his imagination. That is why he was a recluse, and was chary of his time."

And here is an illustrative anecdote:

One day, as usual, we took a walk to the neighboring temple. Suddenly Hearn exclaimed, "Oh! Oh!" I did not know what had happened, and was frightened. Then I saw that three large cedar trees had been cut down, and Hearn was gazing at them. "Why did they cut down those trees?"

"This temple must be very poor, and they must need some money," I replied.

"Why didn't they tell me about it? I can easily give a little money to help them. I should have been happier to have given them some money and saved the trees. Think how long a time was necessary for those trees to grow from little sprouting seeds!" He was very down-hearted. "I begin to dislike that abbot. I am sorry for him because he has no money, but I am more sorry for those trees, Mamma-san!"

Hearn came out of the temple gate in a lifeless manner, as if some great event had taken place. He sat down in the chair in his study, and was very much depressed. "It hurts my heart to see that sight," he said. "There will be no more joy today. Please beg the abbot not to cut down any more trees." After that he seldom visited the temple.

One of the most interesting pictures in the record is that of Hearn listening with absorbed and dramatic attention while his wife told him ghost stories, and of the growth of his books of tales of old Japan. Other interesting glimpsese show his aversion to any one who was unkind, especially to women or children.

In his introduction Paul Kiyoshi Hisada tells charmingly of a visit to Hearn's widow and children in their home.

IN A GERMAN RAIDER

Ten Months in a German Raider. By Captain John Stanley Cameron. New York: George H. Doran Company. $1.25 (gold).

Captain John Stanley Cameron, the Scottish master of the American bark Beluga, carrying 15,000 cases of benzine and bound for Australia, sailed from San Francisco in May, 1917. He took his wife and little daughter, Juanita, along and everything seemed to point to a favorable trip except that there were thirteen in the ship's company, a fact which they did not discover until they were well under way, and as they were not superstitious it wouldn't have made any difference if they had. There was nothing to prepare Captain Cameron for the worst experience in thirty years of seafaring, which began at the age of 3. His father is the oldest sailing master living in his part of the world and justly proud of a son who was earning his living as an able-bodied seaman at 13.

Nearly two months on their way and 15,000 miles from the war zone, they fell into the hands of the German raider Wolf, which in fifteen months captured fourteen vessels and laid 500 mines. The bark was fired and its crew taken on board the raider, from which they were transferred to the Japanese passenger steamer Hitachi Maru and later to the prize ship Igotz Mendi, both victims of the Wolf. Their destination was presumably a German prison camp, and so Captain Cameron has said that his story may well be called "An Escape from the Jaws of Hell." It is hardly necessary to say that his experiences furnish lively and unique reading, but in order to show how naturally he tells them, we quote his version of a lesser trial, but a very real one:

"My days were usually taken up in washing clothes and nursing the wire. I never knew there were so many clothes in the world! I, like a darn fool, kept putting clean white frocks and all the other fixings that go with it on the kiddy. When the missis got on the job again, Miss Juanita got a pair of overalls on weekdays and a dress on Sundays, all this going to prove that as a nursemaid I was a fizzle. I came a Steve Brodie on the wife's hair also, letting it get into such a mess that I couldn't comb the rat's nests out of it and had to cut the whole business off short."

It is fortunate that the story fell into the hands of so able a man as Cyril Brown for its editing. In his introduction he says that he has "avoided any chance of spoiling this bully sea yarn by attempting to give it a literary finish," and his giving it to us almost exactly as it came from Captain Cameron's lips.

FABRIC OF DREAMS

The Fabric of Dreams: Dream-Lore and Dream Interpretation, Ancient and Modern. By Katherine Taylor Craig. New York: E. P. Dutton and Co. $2.50 (gold).

Perhaps nothing quite like this comprehensive volume by Mrs. Craig, a student of the occult, has been written before. For she has gathered into it some significant part, small or large, of practically everything that has ever been written about that mysterious product of the human brain, dreams. One can find in the book extracts from, and explanations of, the theories of such modern scientists as Dr. Morton Prince, Dr. Sigmund Freud, and Dr. Carl Jung; pages of gypsy lore as to the symbolism of dreams; examples and explanations of dreams by Havelock Ellis and many other philosophers; quotations from great men of many periods to show their belief in the significance of dreams; classifications of all the more usual kinds of dreams with the explanations of them drawn from science and experience that have been made by men of intellectual repute; and, finally, a chapter in explanation of the interpretation of dreams by means of the ancient art of geomancy. This method of divination, which appears to have had a peculiar lure for mankind when its intelligence was in a simpler and more impressionable state, is still practised, the author tells us, by certain peoples uncontaminated by the modern "show me" spirit, and was referred to with respect by English poets as late as Dryden. "The theory of geomancy in dream interpretation," says Mrs. Craig, "is the application of the subconsciousness to the mechanical production of certain groups of ciphers, lines, dots, or asterisks." Nearly a hundred pages are filled with the varied groupings of these figures with the significance in dream interpretation of each one.

Of more interest to the skeptical twentieth century reader will be the chapters in which are discussed the dream results of physical sensations and the varying opinions as to their significance held by modern scientists and philosophers. Johann Muller, the great physiologist, is quoted as believing that changes of blood pressure on the retina form a prolific source of dreams in which radiant light is a factor. The theory of a too-heavy meal as a cause of unpleasant dreams, which goes back to Hippocrates for its sanction, is subjected to the opposing opinions of certain moderns and some interesting examples of the theory are quoted. It is said, for instance, that the English novelist, Mrs. Radcliff, whose "Mysteries of Udolpho" and other romances thrilled the readers of an earlier generation, made it a practise to consume large quantities of indigestible food before sleeping in order that she might see vividly in her dreams the horrors she portrayed in her stories. There are accounts of some interesting experiments to determine the extent to which the senses of touch, smell, and taste cause and influence dreams. Tickling the lips and nose of a sleeper with a feather was found to produce dreams of horrible tortures, a red light before his eyes caused him to dream of lightning, the smell of eau de cologne brought a dream about a perfumer's shop.

ABOUT THE WAR

What Every American Should Know About The War: A Series of Studies by the Greatest Authorities of Europe and America Covering Every Aspect of the Great Struggle, Delivered at the National Conference of American Lecturers, Washington, D. C., April 8-13, 1918. Edited by Montaville Flowers, Chairman of the Conference. New York: George H. Doran Company. $2 (gold).

There could not be a better description of this impressive volume than is contained in the words of Mr. Flowers, that "it is a highly concentrated, authoritative, broadly grouped, and inclusive presentation of the whole war struck off by many great men and women of action," in the form of addresses delivered before the conference. The stamp of authority is on each chapter. Thus, "The Field of Publicity" is treated by George Creel. "The Case of Servia" is set forth by the Minister of that nation, Lioubomir Michailovitch; "Belgium," by E. de Cartier de Marchienne, Minister from Belgium; "Great Britain and the War" by the Earl of Reading, "Germany's Preparations for the Next War" by J. B. W. Gardiner, military expert of The New York Times, and so on. The addresses had all been carefully prepared, and as a whole they give a compendium of the causes and progress of the war that is as comprehensive as it is entitled to respect. The work done by women in the war is dealt with in several chapters devoted to "Women in Industry," "Women at the Front," "Mother," etc. The Red Cross has its tribute, while Benedict Crowell, Acting Secretary of War, (Secretary Baker having been in France at the time of the conference), tells a great deal about the American army that is both new and inspiring.

THE STANDARD-BEARERS

The Standard-Bearers: True Stories of Heroes of Law and Order. By Katherine Mayo. With illustrations by Captain Louis Keene. Boston and New York: Houghton Mifflin Company. $1.50 (gold).

The bravery, determination, and effectiveness of the Pennsylvania State police have been long recognised, while the dash with which time and again they have followed desperadoes into their lairs, and in the face of tremendous odds have dragged them out for punishment, has invested with a halo of thrilling romance both the organisation as a whole and the fearless members individually. Each of the fifteen stories in the present volume is a spirited narration of some episode in which the loyalty and utter disregard of danger that have always distinguished the State troopers in the pursuit of duty are strikingly set forth. Most of the men have been soldiers, and all of them have the true soldier spirit which makes them forget everything but the attaining of their object, without regard to personal risk. The first big job of D. Troop, quartered at Punxsutawney, is told in the leading chapter in the volume, entitled, "The Honor of the Force," and is a good sample of the work done by the organisation again and again.

It is explained by the author that she chose the title "The Standard-Bearers" "because the State police idea is now spreading rapidly over the Union and because to Pennsylvania only the Union owes this priceless good." She says that when New York last year legislated for its own State police it was to the Pennsylvania force only that it looked for inspiration. The book throughout is thrilling in its dramatic intensity, and carries one along in a feverish rush which perhaps is due as much to the graphic pen of the writer as to the driving impulse of the incidents narrated.

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BLUES BEAT ROWING CLUB IN LEAGUE GAME, 16-14

Y.M.C.A. Team Comes Strong In Second Half Of Rough Basketball Battle

STANDING OF THE TEAMS

	W	L	PC
American School	1	0	1.000
Y.M.C.A. Blues	1	0	1.000
U. S. Navy	0	1	.000
Rowing Club	0	1	.000

Game Today

Y.M.C.A. Reds vs. Y.M.C.A. Training School.

In a close game marred by considerable rough play, the Y.M.C.A. Blues defeated the Shanghai Rowing Club basketball team 16-14 last night at the Rowing Club in a regular league game. Siler and Haskell were both thrown out of the game because of personal fouls but were allowed to continue playing by mutual agreement of the two teams.

The game was fast all the way, the Rowing Club having the edge during the fast period, the half ending with the Blues on the short end of a 7-3 score. The Y.M.C.A. team scored 13 points in the last half, holding the Club quintet to seven.

The summary:

Blues 16		Rowing Club 14
Hearn	lf	Scott
Hening	rf	Kline
Glauque	c	Neprud
Siler	lg	Haskell
Roberts	rg	Mazzie
	rf	Little

Goals from floor: Neprud, 2; Kline, 2; Glauque, 2; Scott, Mazzie, Hearn, Hening, Roberts. Goals from fouls: Glauque, 4; Neprud, 2; Hening, 2. Referee: Swan. Umpire, Connor. Scorer: Wong.

American School Winner

In the second time in as many days, the Shanghai American School basketball quintet came from behind and won out in the second half. Yesterday's victory was over the Young Men's Christian Association High School. The final score was 20-15 although the Y.M.C.A. quintet held the upper hand at the end of the first period by a 13-10 score.

Chang, with nine points, was the high scorer.

The summary:

American School 20		Y.M.C.A. School 15
P. Haskell	lf	Tom Chang
D. Campbell	rf	Henry Lee
F. Simow	c	Marcus Chiu
D. McGinnis	lg	Kemp Yau
J. McGinnis	rg	Wolf Wong

Goals from floor: Tom Chang, 4 Henry Lee, 1; Marcus Chiu, 2; Campbell, Haskell, 2; Simow, 3; J. McGinnis 2; D. McGinnis. Goals from fouls: Tom Chang, Simow, Campbell. Time: Two 15-minute periods. Referee: Wong. Timer: Jue. Scorer: Wong.

Music For Sunday

On Sunday, January 19, at 4:30 p.m. the Public Band will play the following program at the Town Hall:

Overture—Le Caid ..... Thomas.
Suite de Ballet—Coppelia .....Delibes.
(a) Valse de la Poupee
(b) Entr' Act et Valse
Selection—Eugen Onegin
Tschaikowsky.
Overture—Hunyadi Laszlo .....Erkel
Welsh Rhapsody ..... German.

A. DE KRYGER,
Conductor-in-Charge.

Charity Cup Match Nets Hospital $1,200

Boxing Day Game Realises Big Sum For Shantung Road Institution

The Marine Engineers' Institute Charity Cup football game on Boxing Day netted $1,200, which has been turned over to the Shantung Road Hospital. Since 1909, the Institute has raised $9,129.98 by Charity Cup matches.

A total of $1,277 was realised from gate receipts and sale of tickets and the expenses were $77.

Mr. M. B. Anderson, Honorary Secretary of the Institute, has received a letter of appreciation from Mr. Ellis Pugh, Honorary Secretary of the Hospital.

The following table shows the amounts realised by Charity Cup games:

1909 General Hospital	$450.00
1910 Door of Hope	634.50
1910 (Replay) Shantung Road Hospital ...	730.00
1911 St. Luke's Hospital...	700.00
1913 General Hospital	872.48
1913 Door of Hope	716.00
1914 Shantung Road Hospital	1,000.00
1915 St. Luke's Hospital...	1,169.00
1916 General Hospitpal ...	800.00
1917 Door of Hope	858.00
1918 Shantung Road Hospital	1,200.00
Total	$9,129.98

OFFICES OF SINN FEIN IN DUBLIN ARE RAIDED

Important Documents Seized, Including Draft Constitution For Irish Parliament

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, January 13.—The police have raided and occupied the Sinn Fein headquarters in Dublin and seized some important documents, including a draft constitution for an Irish Parliament.

U.S. Bill For Soldiers' Sea Fares, $60,000,000

Washington, December 4.—The forthcoming statement of Secretary of War Baker to the House military affairs committee on the amount of money unnecessary in previously made appropriations will not only give the nation an approximation of the war's cost to America but will also show in detail the charges made by Great Britain, France and other Allied Powers for services to the American army.

One of the largest bills which the government must adjust with the Allied nations is that for the transportation of American soldiers from the United States to France and from French ports to the battlefront. It is believed that Great Britain's bill for the transfer of troops across the Atlantic will be at the very least $60,000,000. Army officials state that there is no basis as yet for an approximation of this cost.

Something over one million Americans were transported to Europe in British vessels. As the United States did not enter the war as an ally, but as an individual, the War Department made arrangements with the Allies by which the service rendered to America by them in the waging of the war against Germany should be upon a cost basis. This principle was agreed upon, according to Secretary Baker, and the bills as rendered to this country are to be adjusted with this principle as a basis.

Army men say that the cost of transporting men from the United States to France has ranged from $20 a man to $125. This wide range in cost is due to many causes, one of the chief factors being the terms of the contracts under which vessels served under the the British admiralty.

ADMIRES AMERICANS' GIFT OF ORGANISATION

Japanese Railway Man Brings Back Refreshing Impressions Of His Visit Abroad

Mr. Seisuke Masutomi, manager of the Young Men's Railway Association, who has just returned to Japan from a tour in Europe and America, may be counted among the latest batch of Japanese admirers of American customs and manners. Speaking to a Chuo reporter he says:

"What struck me most on the American railways is that American engine drivers are getting monthly wages from $200 to $250 or more which is certainly vastly better pay than that which is paid to the Japanese conferes. No wonder that American workers can maintain the social position of gentlemen. Some of them on the conclusion of their 8-hour work take motor-cars to get home, which is kept tidy and comfortable. On reaching home they are received by their neatly-dressed wives. It is doubtful whether many people of the so-called middle-class in Japan are living in the same style and comfort as these American workers.

"Strikes in America when they happen are well-regulated affairs and move with clock-work precision. A word or signal from the leader is enough to make the strikers adopt a pre-arranged course of action. And they do not have recourse to violence unless the capitalists bring undue pressure to bear upon them. I heard the remarks that one of the reasons which have made the Americans so strong on the battlefield and so admirably amenable to discipline is because they had for many years been trained by the experience of strikes. This may seem a rather startling assertion but it is nevertheless the truth."

Bremen In Grip Of Communists

(Continued from Page 1)

in the fighting for the Vorwarts building, which was wrecked and 400 Spartacists killed.

Since the beginning of the revolution it is stated that 1,300 Spartacists have been killed and a still larger number wounded.

Radek, the Bolshevist emissary, and Eichhorn, lately President of the Berlin police, who is alleged to be the real leader of the rebels, have taken up their headquarters in the big Boltzow brewery with strong forces and are directing operations from there.

Government reinforcements which were on their way to Berlin were held up at Leutzch, in Saxony, in accordance with an order issued by the Leipzig Soviet and were disarmed after a sharp conflict in which many were killed or wounded.

The Independent Socialists in Berlin are willing to accept the Government's conditions providing the elections for the National Assembly are postponed for three months.

Radek, the Bolshevist emissary, has issued a manifesto to the Spartacists stating that a Russian army is on its way to Berlin.

2,000 Spartacists in Hanover have commandeered a railway train and are proceeding to Berlin.

Ruler Of Luxemburg Refuses To Abdicate

Grand Duchess In Official Statement Also Repudiates Scheme For Republic

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Luxemburg, January 12.—The Government has issued a proclamation denouncing the revolutionary movement for a republic, declaring that the Government has decided to seek an economic alliance with the Entente, especially France and Belgium, and that the Grand Duchess has announced that if necessary to secure the alliance she would willingly renounce the throne, but the Government is convinced that the preservation of the dynasty is at present necessary for the guarantee of national autonomy. The final decision on the question of the dynasty, however, will be reserved to the will of the people legally expressed.

Obituary

Sir Charles Wyndham

Reuter's Service

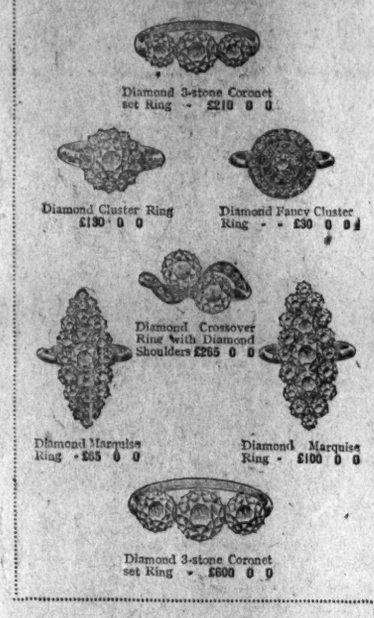
London, January 12.—Sir Charles Wyndham, the well known actor-manager, has died of influenza.

The death of Sir Charles Wyndham marks the passing of one of the outstanding men of the contemporary stage, a figure, also, of importance in the United States. For more than forty years he had been lessee and manager of the Criterion Theater and since 1902 in control of Wyndham's Theater in London. He was responsible for the appearance and popularity of many American actors and actresses in London. Sir Charles also had other connections with America, having made his first appearance in America with John Wilkes Booth, assassin of President Lincoln. He was also a brother-in-law of Bronson Howard, the American dramatist. He was 81 years old.

Labor M. P. Refuses Post In Government

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, January 14.—It is reported that Mr. Stephen Walsh, a Labor M.P., has refused the post of Parliamentary Secretary to the Local Government Board.


Diamond 3-stone Coronet set Ring - £210 0 0
Diamond Cluster Ring £130 0 0
Diamond Fancy Cluster Ring - - £30 0 0
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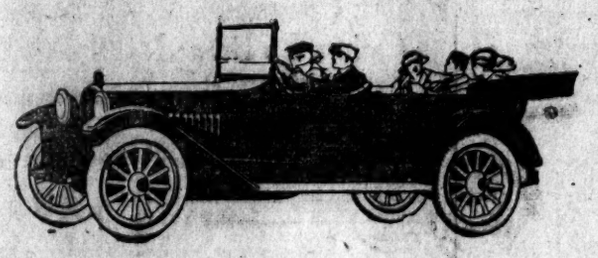

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News Brevities

The dedicatory services for the new Stout Memorial Hospital at Wuchow will be held in that city tomorrow morning.

* * *

The Municipal Gazette announces that additional quarters for the foreign branch of the police department have been provided by arrangement with the Credit Foncier d'Extreme-Orient for a lease of No. 9 Baikal Road for a period of one year terminating on January 31, 1920.

* * *

Professor Guy Stockton, principal of the Shanghai American School, will give a lecture on "Teaching Temperance" at the Shanghai Women's Christian Temperance Union this afternoon at 5:15 o'clock at the Union Church Lecture Hall. The meeting will be open to the public.

* * *

The opening concert of the Petrograd Chamber Sextet takes place at the Olympic Theater Saturday evening. This will be the first opportunity for the Shanghai public to hear a sextet of considerable reputation. The program is an extremely interesting one, consisting of a Trio, Quartet and a Quintet. The Beethoven Trio, which is usually played with violin, 'cello and piano, will be played with clarionet, 'cello and piano. The Mozart Quintet is a delightful work which is rarely heard, as also is the Tschaikowski Quartet.

* * *

Mr. Dwight K. Grady, formerly of THE CHINA PRESS and now with the American Y.M.C.A. in Siberia, is stationed at Omsk. In letters dated early in December, Mr. Grady expected to be transferred further west. Mr. F. L. Tinkham, who was with the American Trading Company here, is also at Omsk with the American Y.M.C.A.

* * *

Mr. R. L. Eddy, pitcher for the Shanghai Amateur Baseball Club last season, was discharged from the United States Naval Aviation Corps early in December. He expects to return to China. Eddy had finished the ground school at Massachussetts Institute of Technology, Boston, and was scheduled to leave for the southern flying station at Pensacola, Florida, when the armistice was signed.

* * *

Dr. Lionel Street, formerly of Shanghai, is with the Bureau of Personnel, American Red Cross, in Paris. Dr. Street's address is Hotel Regina, Rue de Rivoli.

* * *

Mr. Chang Su-ho, former owner of the garden known by that name, died Monday afternoon. His body was put in the coffin yesterday. Mr. Chang owned the picturesque garden for over 30 years and it was only last year that he sold it to a wealthy dye-merchant. He had been in failing health.

* * *

Dr. J. C. Ferguson, the Peking Government advisor, arrived in Shanghai yesterday.

* * *

Charged with stealing two fire grates from Mr. Thomas Ward, 122 Szechuen Road, a Chinese was sentenced to two months' imprisonment yesterday in the Mixed Court.

* * *

The death of Mr. Chang Hung-hsian, an indemnity student at Columbia University, is announced. Mr. Chang passed away October 16 following an attack of influenza-pneumonia. He was pursuing his studies for the doctor's degree when he died. He was formerly a student at Nanyang College.

* * *

The annual general meeting of the Shanghai Rifle Association will be held at the Town Hall this afternoon at 5:45 o'clock. Mr. E. C. Pearce, Chairman of the Shanghai Municipal Council, will preside.

* * *

An application for directions was listed in the Mixed Court calendar yesterday in the case of Mr. G. Passeri against the Bureau of Liquidation of the Deutsch-Asiatische Bank, but no sitting took place although both Italian Assessor G. Ros and Magistrate Yui were present in the Assessors' waiting room. Acting Registrar J. E. Wheeler announced that all the cases down on the calendar would be postponed.

* * *

Mr. John Johnstone will serve on the Special Waterworks Committee of the Shanghai Municipal Council, filling the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. A. S. P. White-Cooper.

* * *

A communication from the Consular Body informs the Municipal Council of the election of the Consuls-General for Italy, Portugal and Japan as representatives on the Board of Governors for the ensuing year, according to the Municipapl Gazette.

* * *

The Municipal Gazette announces that Mr. A. D. Bell, Municipal Council representative on the Land Commission, has been re-appointed Commissioner for the Municipal Year 1919-20, in accordance with the provisions of Article VIa of the Land Regulations and has consented to serve.

* * *

It has been decided that a Submarine and Torpedo School, the first of the kind in Japan, shall be established in the Kure Coast Defense Guard compound.

* * *

The first lot of the Japanese reservists to be sent back from Siberia to Japan in the latter part of January consists of 12,000. They will be followed by 22,000 men. The horses to be brought with the returning reservists will number 6,000 head altogether, and the major portion of them will be sold by auction at Mukden.

* * *

Sir Havilland de Sausmarez is expected in Hongkong about January 18 to sit in Full Court.

* * *

The French Consulate at Hongkong announces that the French gunboats Argus and Vigilante are to be sold by sealed tender, which will be received up to noon on January 20.

* * *

Further particulars of the appeal case of Mr. J. S. Willes, editor of the Kobe Herald, state that Procurator Mitsuhashi, in the course of a lengthy address to the Court, objected to the sentence of 10 months' imprisonment for alleged sedition as being too lenient and asked that Mr. Willes be sent to prison for 2 years.

Allied Envoys Drafting Armistice Terms

DRAFTING OF ARMISTICE TERMS — FOREIGN OFFICIAL PHOTO

This photograph shows the representatives of the Allied nations and the United States drafting the terms of the armistice at Versailles which was afterward submitted to the German truce envoys by Marshal Foch. The second figure in the line facing the camera, reading from left to right, is General Robilant, next to him are Minister Sonnino and Premier Orlando, of Italy; Colonel House is fifth, and next to him is General Tasker H. Bliss; Premier Venizelos, of Greece, and Minister Westinai, of Servia, are at the end of the table. Opposite them sit Admiral Weymss, with his back turned; General Sir Henry Wilson, Sir Douglas Haig, General Sackville West, Andrew Bonar Law, Premier Lloyd George, Premier Clemenceau and Foreign Minister Pichon, of France.

China Political Notes From Chinese Press

Mr. Lu Cheng-hsian and his staff arrived in Paris January 13, according to cable advices from Mr. Ho Wei-teh, Chinese Minister to Paris.

Mr. Chu Chi-chien, the Northern peace delegate, informed the government that the Southwest has appointed its peace delegation and will arrive in Shanghai on January 20. The Government has instructed General Lu Yung-hsian, the Shanghai Defense Commissioner, to give the representatives all necessary protection. A telegram from General Lu Yung-ting to General Li Shun confirmed the appointment. The Peking Government, however, has not yet received any formal notice.

General Tuan Chi-kwei has been employed by President Hsu as his military adviser.

Peking Commands Opium Be Burned

(Continued from Page 1)

cause they could not show the marks of hypodermic syringes.

The other side of the question, the growth of poppy, is also engaging a good deal of attention. Reports from all over North China indicate that the growth of poppy is spreading very widely, more in some places than in others, however. Not only so, but it has come to the positive knowledge of the Legations that in the areas under the control of the South the case is no better than it is in the North and though, of course, the Legations cannot take any action in the matter, Dr. Wu Ting-fang has been indirectly informed that the Legations are aware of the existing state of things, and that what they know does not prejudice them in favor of the Southern Government.

An interesting point has come out with respect to the growth of the poppy in the North, and that is that the province of Shansi is absolutely free from it, and this is because General Yen, the tuchun, is master in his own province, and is a progressive man, who will not on any consideration compromise on this matter. He is the most progressive tuchun probably in China, and his case shows that, where the tuchun is determined, the growth of poppy can be absolutely stamped out. The contrast between Shansi and Shensi is remarkable. Shensi is growing poppy almost everywhere, because the tuchun wants the money that can be derived from its sale.

There is undoubtedly a rising public opinion on this matter of opium and its derivatives, and it is hoped that before long a nation-wide campaign will be afoot to give publicity to what is going on and to strengthen the hands of those who are doing their best to stamp out the whole evil, and amongst these must be specially mentioned President Hsu. It is known here that every action he has taken with respect to opium has been of his own motion in spite of extreme pressure. In the matter, for instance, of the inspection and burning of stocks at Shanghai, the utmost pressure has been brought to bear on him to leave this in other hands. But he has insisted that it should be carried out by men whom he could trust, and under foreign supervision. It is felt here that the time has come to take advantage in some way or other of the rising tide of published opinion against what is now an absolutely illicit trade, and to back up the action of men like the President who are doing all they can to stamp out the evil.

Tuchuns Carry Opium As Presents To Peking Despite Drug Burning

Confirmation of reports from Peking that the opium question will be far from settled with the burning of the stock here was given yesterday by Mr. Hsiung Shi-ling, former Premier, who is now here. Mr. Hsiung visited Mr. Tang Shao-yi yesterday to endorse his telegram to President Hsu urging that the opium be turned over to the Allied Red Cross organisations instead of consigned to flames.

Mr. Hsiung said that there is a vast amount of stock in the North, much of it bought and kept under official patronage. He told how the tuchuns who came to Peking for their recent militant conclave brought with them so much opium that the price dropped after their arrival. One tuchun, he said, even brought some to distribute as gifts among the officials.

Mr. Tang also pointed out the large number of confiscations of opium throughout the country by officials in the last few years and asked what has become of all of it. He spoke of the danger that the burning of the Shanghai stock, with much ceremony at an outport, may serve to pull the wool over the eyes of foreigners, while a traffic profitable to corrupt officials is growing up in the interior.

WARNING

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AND

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January 19th, 1919

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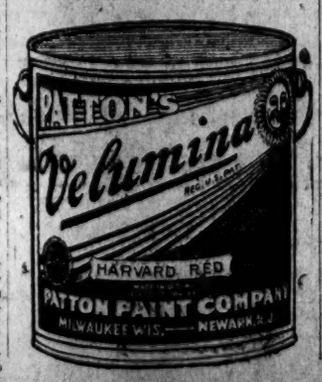

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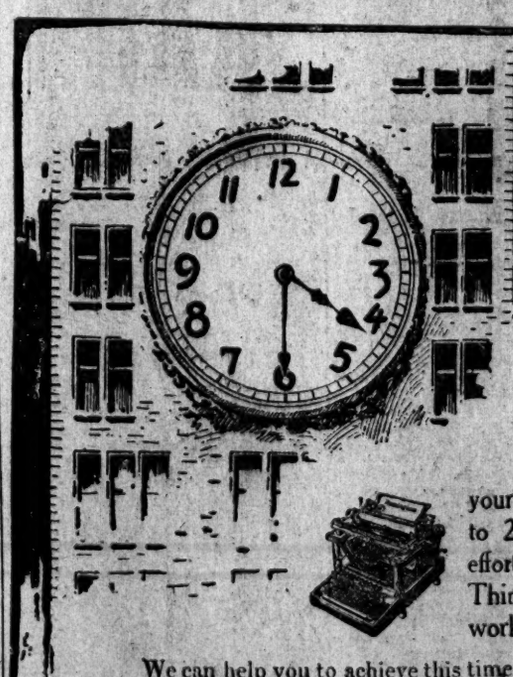

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We can help you to achieve this time saving. We can show you how to save *nearly a minute* in the typing of *every letter* of average length.

We can show you how to multiply these saved minutes in every day's work. We can show you how to expand the saved minutes into hours, days and weeks.

Our latest improvement will do it. It is a correspondence machine with an automatic indenting mechanism and its name is the

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Mustard & Co., Shanghai

Business and Official - - Notices - -

(Second Section)

THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

Classified Advertisements
2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)
All Advertisements must be Prepaid
Replies must be called for

SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1919

Shanghai Race Club

NOTICE

The Annual General Meeting will be held at the Grand Stand at 6 p.m. on Thursday, 30th January, 1919.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

Shanghai Race Club

NOTICE

Voting Members willing to serve either as Stewards or on the Balloting Committee for the ensuing year are requested to send in their names to the undersigned before 5 p.m. on Wednesday, 29th January, 1919.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

Royal Asiatic Society

NORTH CHINA BRANCH.

A MEETING of the Society will be held in the Lecture Hall, 5 Museum Road, Today, January 16th, at 5.30 p.m., when a Paper will be read by
MR. CHARLES KLIENE, F.R.G.S.,
on
"THE LAND OF PEACH BLOOM."
(A Chinese legend of the Third Century B.C.)

THE MEETING IS OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

ISAAC MASON,
Hon. Secretary.
20852

Motor-Cycle Raffle

The Cleveland motor-cycle raffled at the Astor Bar on the 5th October, 1918, winning number 171. If not claimed within seven days will be sold and the proceeds handed over to local charities.

F. FERNANDEZ.
20869

The Internationel Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

IN VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN in pursuance of Section 188 of the Companies Ordinance, 1911, that a General Meeting of the members of the above-named company will be held at No. 4 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai, on Saturday, the fifteenth day of February, 1919, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of having an account laid before them, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted, and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidator, and also of determining by Extraordinary Resolution the manner in which the books, accounts, and documents of the Company, and of the Liquidator thereof, shall be disposed of.

C. E. RAYNER,
Liquidator.

Dated the 11th day of January, 1919.

Witness to the signature of Charles Ernest Rayner:
H. P. WILKINSON.
20842

EDEN HOSPITAL

Dept. of Venenal Diseases
P372 Nanking Road
(Opp. Lloyd Road)
Hours: 10-12; 2-4 except Sunday
Special consideration to men in uniform
DR. JAMES YUKING, Supt.

TABLE CLARETS

CUNLIFFE, DOBSON & Co., Bordeaux
Red Ring Brands
Medoc
Medoc Superior
St. Estephe
St. Emilion
St. Julien
Pontet Canet
Ch. Leoville
Ch. Lafite
In Quarts and Pints

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.
Central 2021

Yut Sae Chang & Co.

Wholesale Hardware Merchants
Building Contractors
Engineers' Supplies.
A1284 BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

Ball-Bearing Skates, Basket Balls, Stove Polish, Door Springs and Vacuum Bottles.
17997

CAMPHOR-MENTHOL CREAM

An excellent application for Chapped Hands, Chiblains, Cold Sores, etc.

Soothing and Healing
65 CENTS A JAR

PETROLEUM JELLY

For all skin troubles. Give a bottle to each of the servants for their "chaps."

Cheap and Good
25 CENTS A BOTTLE

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Chemists: opposite the Garden Bridge.

TO LET

from 1st February, in Baikal Road, new 4-roomed residences, with large attics, fitted with gas and electricity. Near tramlines. Rent moderate. For further particulars, apply to

Credit Foncier d'Extreme-Orient,
20 The Bund,
Entrance on Nanking Road.
20841

LOST two Bank orders issued by Chung Hua Commercial and Savings Bank, No. 8337 for Tls. 250.00 and No. 8338 for Tls. 260.00 both dated the 17th day of this moon. Having been informed of the loss the said Bank has duly declared same null and void. We hereby warn the public against negotiating same.

LEE FOONG CO.
利豐號啟
20851

DAHLIA

Six New Sorts:—
Cuctus, Peony, Decorative, Collarette, Pompon, Single.
Best Mixed per
10 bulbs $ 3.50
50 bulbs $15.00
(Postage Included)
Only Money Orders of the Chinese Post Office will be accepted.

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Tinghai, China.
20761

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

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From 1¼" to 3½" Circumference
Newly arrived from Newcastle-on-Tyne

W. Z. ZEE & SONS, BROADWAY

Just Arrived

STEEL FILES and OFFICE FURNITURE

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S-T-A-K-U-P UNITS,
BOOK CASES, ETC.

(The well-known MACEY Line)

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'PHONE CENTRAL 477
4 Carlton Road, Shanghai Cable Add.:

The *Stewart* AUTOGUARD

Guards you and your car against the annoying, troublesome and, sometimes, expensive accidents, which you are sure to meet with sooner or later.

For particulars, apply to the Sole Agents,
The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

MASON & CO.

CONFECTIONERS
No. 90 BUBBLING WELL ROAD, OPPOSITE RACE COURSE
Fancy Cakes and Candies of French Style in All Descriptions
Telephone Central 3829

RAILWAY HOTEL, SOOCHOW

A first-class Tourist and Residential Hotel in Soochow

The proprietor assures everyone that no effort will to be spared to ensure the comfort and satisfaction of visitors. Airy, large comfortable rooms, fitted with electric lights, fans and stoves, with bathroom and veranda attached.

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MADE IN U.S.A.

Sole Agents:
THE SHANGHAI DISPENSARY
Telephone, Central No. 267—24 Foochow Rd.

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 14

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 14

INTERNATIONAL SAVINGS SOCIETY

Head Office: 5 Avenue Edouard VII, Shanghai

76 Monthly DRAWING of $2,000 PREMIUM BONDS

15th January, 1919

Notice is hereby given that in conformity with the conditions endorsed upon the bonds, the undermentioned reimbursements, of the total value of $21,393 representing 25 percent of $85,572 being premia on 7,131 bonds were drawn on the 15th January, 1919, at the Head Office of the Company, 5 Avenue Edouard VII, in the presence of Mr. M. SPEELMAN, Director, Messrs. SETH, MANCELL & CO., Auditors and Messrs. ZUNG NIANG-CHUNG, and ZAO DING-SUNG and Mrs. V. O. RILEY, bondholders.

The reimbursements drawn will be paid on and after the 16th January, 1919, at any of the following places:—

SHANGHAI—5 Avenue Edouard VII.
TIENTSIN—INTERNATIONAL SAVINGS SOCIETY, 45 Rue De France.
HANKOW—Messrs. ANDERSEN, MEYER & CO., LTD., 11 Rue D'Hanoi.
CANTON—Messrs. GERIN, DREVARD & CIE, Shameen.

3 Bonds at $2,000 each numbered	1139	2381	5461
3 Bonds at $1,000 each numbered	781	3749	5867
3 Bonds at $300 each numbered	40	2637	6783
3 Bonds at $200 each numbered	1574	2638	4615
3 Bonds at $160 each numbered	1594	3603	4234
1 Bond at $1,131 numbered			6309
1 Bond at $594 numbered			5521
1 Bond at $200 numbered			6900
1 Bond at $160 numbered			6734

and 694 Bonds at $12.00

17	654	1164	1738	2358	3046	3624	4229	4886	5492	5986	6545
23	657	1170	1777	2365	3071	3625	4237	4900	5513	5998	6581
34	659	1177	1783	2371	3073	3628	4240	4908	5531	5999	6590
52	671	1189	1802	2374	3084	3639	4271	4910	5545	6016	6592
58	673	1195	1810	2392	3161	3656	4282	4919	5556	6018	6597
62	687	1206	1823	2431	3114	3675	4308	4938	5558	6025	6605
65	729	1211	1827	2434	3115	3690	4320	4954	5561	6031	6654
81	746	1221	1849	2436	3118	3695	4357	4955	5563	6049	6679
91	763	1227	1874	2441	3133	3696	4362	4962	5581	6053	6681
101	768	1253	1906	2493	3155	3706	4383	4972	5582	6066	6682
139	774	1265	1907	2495	3156	3713	4391	4973	5607	6073	6696
153	807	1292	1913	2509	3159	3725	4395	4977	5623	6079	6712
165	808	1295	1923	2517	3160	3732	4404	4979	5642	6086	6724
180	822	1297	1935	2520	3162	3737	4433	4987	5645	6088	6746
189	824	1298	1939	2539	3176	3740	4434	4989	5654	6097	6748
190	825	1310	1943	2545	3178	3742	4439	4998	5668	6108	6753
199	841	1316	1949	2547	3189	3750	4449	5004	5671	6115	6756
201	843	1332	1965	2562	3197	3761	4452	5030	5678	6119	6763
210	856	1342	1971	2586	3204	3773	4457	5038	5687	6127	6770
217	878	1349	1982	2587	3214	3787	4461	5048	5693	6132	6771
218	881	1364	1997	2612	3215	3819	4486	5060	5709	6165	6785
221	883	1369	2015	2625	3228	3828	4493	5067	5719	6168	6799
228	907	1386	2017	2626	3237	3834	4501	5068	5725	6174	6805
265	922	1391	2019	2628	3244	3841	4504	5069	5734	6179	6808
266	942	1402	2026	2648	3272	3844	4510	5078	5735	6205	6825
269	950	1407	2043	2659	3280	3847	4548	5083	5745	6207	6841
275	953	1410	2056	2665	3293	3849	4557	5084	5746	6213	6842
289	957	1418	2086	2693	3305	3851	4561	5130	5747	6220	6844
308	966	1432	2095	2699	3306	3856	4564	5146	5750	6221	6853
313	972	1450	2104	2707	3312	3869	4579	5148	5764	6234	6857
334	991	1453	2125	2717	3315	3891	4580	5166	5769	6241	6894
367	995	1467	2158	2734	3329	3897	4581	5173	5770	6255	6901
379	997	1468	2159	2781	3336	3900	4604	5176	5779	6286	6903
386	1010	1473	2163	2795	3341	3903	4611	5182	5790	6288	6947
391	1016	1474	2197	2797	3346	3918	4620	5184	5796	6290	6951
393	1018	1482	2207	2815	3377	3934	4625	5202	5812	6303	6974
418	1019	1494	2208	2821	3399	3944	4635	5221	5827	6313	7001
460	1020	1496	2224	2829	3419	3947	4639	5252	5828	6326	7004
470	1021	1499	2230	2839	3430	3962	4661	5295	5837	6359	7009
472	1023	1501	2235	2841	3432	3966	4666	5304	5843	6370	7020
483	1033	1533	2240	2844	3444	3988	4694	5314	5849	6377	7024
491	1037	1535	2244	2846	3464	3998	4705	5322	5854	6393	7028
505	1040	1544	2246	2853	3468	4033	4716	5324	5856	6409	7030
516	1052	1550	2254	2860	3470	4051	4730	5331	5865	6412	7044
518	1063	1564	2255	2865	3486	4054	4738	5340	5872	6415	7049
521	1092	1567	2264	2887	3503	4072	4744	5344	5890	6434	7051
541	1097	1583	2269	2888	3505	4079	4746	5354	5896	6440	7064
543	1099	1596	2273	2893	3512	4084	4760	5355	5920	6446	7076
566	1100	1614	2281	2924	3519	4085	4778	5367	5930	6466	7082
567	1107	1627	2310	2955	3526	4092	4782	5379	5946	6468	7083
577	1109	1645	2321	2985	3533	4102	4784	5380	5947	6483	7091
582	1132	1649	2323	2998	3575	4111	4798	5383	5959	6506	7106
588	1147	1668	2328	2999	3585	4113	4815	5399	5962	6510	7107
603	1150	1669	2327	3006	3593	4156	4816	5425	5969	6513	7111
608	1155	1686	2331	3020	3594	4196	4845	5455	5972	6526	7112
630	1157	1690	2344	3035	3611	4197	4849	5457	5975	6527	7126
631	1161	1698	2345	3042	3615	4214	4860	5463	5978	6538	
634	1162	1726	2367	3044	3618	4215	4880	5476	5981	6539	

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Comfortable rooms front and back, (with bathrooms and verandah), to let. Good table
Telephone North 432.

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To let with board large and small well furnished rooms, every convenience, accommodation for table boarders. Good cuisine. Apply Mrs. G. Pollock.

TO LET, with board, two large rooms, bedroom and sittingroom, with private bathroom adjoining, hot and cold water, telephone, garage, stabling and tennis. Apply to Box 460, THE CHINA PRESS.

TO LET, furnished housekeeping flat, two rooms, kitchen, bath, near Bubbling Well terminus. Rent Taels 40. Apply to Box 15, THE CHINA PRESS.
20836 J.16.

LADY leaving comfortable room in Weihaiwei district. Good home, all conveniences, excellent table. Apply to Box 9, THE CHINA PRESS.
20826 J.16

ROOM and Board. Quiet street. Good cooking closely supervised. Apply to Box 12, THE CHINA PRESS.
20833 J.25.

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED, two first-class Chinese mechanical draughtsmen with good knowledge of English. Apply to Box 22, THE CHINA PRESS.
20859 J.17.

LOST OR STOLEN

LOST, on Sunday morning, from 15 Pingliang Road, one fox-terrier, bitch; short hair, short tail, body white, head black and brown. Answers to the name of "Jessy." Liberal reward. Will finder communicate with above address, or apply to Box 16, THE CHINA PRESS.
20837 J.16.

TRANSLATIONS

English and Chinese translations of agreements, letters, legal documents, advertisements, articles and commercial documents and literature undertaken by translator experienced in consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work. Accuracy ensured and confidence respected. Please apply care of Chang Nieh-yün, 1 Museum Road or P. D. 159, Haining Road opposite West End Lane.

LOST

A Bill of lading, No. 15, marked G.G, calling for 211 packages of "White Stork Brand" Raw Cotton, iron-lined packing, having delivered 200 packages and remaining 11, imported per S.S. Teh Shing, trip No. 30. The public are hereby warned against negotiating the said Bill, as declaration of its loss and cancellation has been made at the Hoong On Godown. This notice also appears in the Shun Pao and Sin Wan Pao.

SING TAI YAH.
(信泰協花號)
Shanghai, January 14, 1919.
20845

Cheap Sale

Until February 1st only Best Jade Stone Gold and Silverware for sale at 40% less than regular price.

Sing Fat & Co.
43-F Kiangse Road
20774

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, modern, nicely furnished, detached, seven-roomed residence; Western district, with tennis court, garage and stabling. Would sell new furniture (used seven months) at reasonable price. Apply 20 Yates Road.
20868 J.22.

TO LET, the detached house, 63 Carter Road, containing seven rooms with bathrooms attached, hot and cold water installation, tennis, garage, stables. Apply Lester, Johnson and Morris or on premises.
20865 J.21.

TO LET, 101 Avenue Road; detached foreign residence, nine rooms, garden, etc. Tls. 150 per month. Apply to China Realty Co., Ltd., 27 Nanking Road.
20860

TO LET, 11 Tifeng Road (at Yu Yuen Road), very modern, six-roomed residence with attics, tennis court, garage, stabling. Rent Taels 110. Open for inspection. J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.
20846

HOUSES WANTED

HOUSE WANTED, furnished, partly furnished, or unfurnished. Apply to Box 21, THE CHINA PRESS.
20856 J.17.

SITUATIONS WANTED

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER: American technical graduate, with ten years' practical experience, open for engagement. Will consider offers from established Allied electrical firms desiring capable man for supervision of power installation projects. Interview may be arranged by addressing Box 19, care THE CHINA PRESS.
20853 J.17.

EDITOR, Far East, practical man, able to take charge of newspaper business. Moderate salary. Apply to Box 14, THE CHINA PRESS.
20863 J.21.

Exchange and Mart

WANTED at once, a cabin trunk, must be in good condition and cheap. Apply to Box 24, THE CHINA PRESS.
20866 J.16.

FOR SALE: "Sun" standard typewriter (travelling size), practically new. Bargain for $55.00. Apply to Box 25, THE CHINA PRESS.
20872 J.17.

FOR SALE: One "Milburn" closed electric car, in excellent condition; most economical car to operate in Shanghai: Carries four passengers, runs 18 miles an hour; will run 50 miles on one charge. Anyone can drive in a day. Recently thoroughly overhauled and painted. Price Tls. 1,800. Owner leaving for home. Car can be seen at Andersen, Meyer and Co., car number "1538." Reply to Box 23, THE CHINA PRESS.
20861 J.25.

FOR SALE: A Dodge touring car in excellent condition and running order, going cheap. For particulars please apply to the Shanghai Horse Bazaar and Motor Co., Ltd., Motor Garage Phones West 1213 and 1202.
20862 J.17.

FOR SALE, one "Pram," one child's cot, one child's porcelain bath, one child's folding go-cart. Together or separate. Apply to Box 18, THE CHINA PRESS.
20848 J.16.

FOR SALE, for Tls. 13,500 cash, rent Tls. 8,000 per annum, nine nearly new foreign residences, six rooms each, with all modern conveniences, on Avenue Joffre. Balance can remain on mortgage, owner is forced to sell. Apply J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.
20697

FOR SALE, a brand-new 5 drawers (Drop Head) Sewing Machine with complete accessories. Cost $104 will accept the sum of $60. Apply to Liengyi Mercantile Co., Y-15a, North Szechuen Road.
20835 J.18.

The China Press

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1423 Editorial Department.
Telegraph Address—NATPRESS SHANGHAI.

THE CHINA PRESS Incorporat d Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER

Still gloomy or very cloudy and misty weather with moderate northerly breezes.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JANUARY 16, 1919

Reaction Of Allied Victory On Japanese Thought

ACCORDING to Dr. Sanne Takada, who was Minister of Education in the Okuma Government, there is not the least cause for Japan to be afraid of any inroads being made into Japan of Western revolutionary ideas. Dr. Takada's concept of Japan is summed up in the following illuminating passage: "Three great dynasties have been overthrown as the result of the war. But the fear of those who entertain misgivings about the future of the Japanese polity is demonstrably groundless. The Japanese dynasty differs from that of any other country. Government in Japan is based on the idea that the Imperial family and the populace are one and indivisible. They are indeed like a large family. Not only is the government democratic, but it is also constitutional. Nothing is more secure, therefore, than the foundations of the Japanese State."

This is reminiscent of the precisely similar manner in which the Germans were led. The Kaiser and his people, too, were one and indivisible. We refer to this impressive chapter of recent history in order to dispel the illusion existing in many Japanese quarters that all is well in their land, and that their country need not worry about the current trend of world politics so long as the "masculine diplomacy" of Japan can bulldose a state like China into meek submission. Happily, Dr. Takada is not a blind eulogist of the Japanese polity. He sees danger if that narrow brand of nationalism which finds strong advocacy among certain classes is not checked in time. "Every nation takes more or less pride in the form of government under which it lives, and that quite justly. Part of the functions of education should be to inculcate this pride. Nay, it is the very root of national prosperity. But there is limit to everything, and the nation which oversteps this limit in promoting national self-glorification is destined to follow the steps of Germany on the road to national humiliation and destruction."

The warning is uttered none too soon. The history of Sino-Japanese relations since January 18, 1915, the date of the presentation of the Twenty-One Demands by Japan, is too fresh in our minds to require recapitulation at this stage. Suffice it to say that this policy caused Japan almost to forfeit trust, even by her most ardent admirers. The election of a commoner to the Japanese premiership for the first time in Japanese history is perhaps a good augury for the people of Japan, while the recent rice riots could not have failed to leave an impression on the Japanese bureaucracy and militarists.

With the defeat of German arms, it is being borne in upon a good many people in Japan that an unrighteous and unprovoked war does *not* pay. It is the lesson which the Allies are endeavoring to inculcate in the hearts of the German people. The doctrine of army expansion is receiving less support in Japan today. It is realised that a systematic scheme of military and naval expansion cannot but excite the suspicion of the world, and Japan cannot afford to antagonise the whole world. The military fetish has been dealt a knockout blow by the crushing defeat of Germany. Therefore, if Japan hopes to survice as a great Power, she must approach the conference table in Europe with her cards frankly exposed and have nothing hidden in her satchel under the table.

Correspondence

Wadded Garments Wanted

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Sir.—May I be permitted to say a few words in regard to the effort of the Shanghai Chapter of the American Red Cross to secure from the Chinese community old wadded garments for the refugees in Siberia? The Chinese Red Cross, the Chinese Chamber of Commerce, the Kiangsu Educational Association and other institutions have expressed their willingness to co-operate heartily in this undertaking. What can be done should be done quickly, and the collection of old garments should be sent in as soon as possible.

It occurs to me that if the managers of foreign firms in Shanghai would bring the matter to the attention of their Chinese employes, it would produce good results. I venture to suggest that the compradores be asked to take up the matter with the Chinese staffs.

The old clothes should be sent, as already advertised, to the Benjamin godowns, 26 Avenue Edward VII., on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursday and Fridays, between the hours of 10 and 12 a.m. and 2 and 4 p.m.

The American Red Cross will attend to the fumigating, packing, and shipping. Contributions in money for the purchase of new garments will be gratefully received by the treasurer, Mr. J. J. Keegan, Messrs. Gaston, Williams and Wigmore, 4 the Bund. Yours, etc.,

F. L. HAWKS POTT,
Chairman,
Shanghai Chapter American Red Cross.

Strong Protest Against Breweries

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Sir.—I have been asked by the foreigners of Nanchang to send a copy of the enclosed protest to your paper respectfully requesting that you use influence in combating the introduction of American breweries to China. I am an American but I am not proud of the organisation that would destroy character by use of an agency that has been run to cover by the United States Government.

If there is a society in Shanghai organised to fight the introduction of breweries please put us in touch with it. There are a number of Americans here who would like to join as charter members.

We are also sending this letter of protest to our Minister at Peking and another copy to the State Department at Washington. Sincerely yours,

FRANK B. LENZ.

Nanchang, January 11, 1919.

(ENCLOSURE)

We, the members of the foreign community of Nanchang, view with alarm and shame the proposed introduction of the American brewery traffic into China. We desire to call attention anew to the fact that the liquor traffic everywhere is losing ground because men are beginning to realise that it is not only bad business but also bad morals. We are aware of the misery that this traffic has caused in other parts of the world and desire to protest most emphatically at the proposed coming of this business to China. China is already over-supplied with misery and poverty-producing agencies. The country has successfully fought the opium traffic and it should not be called upon to resist an enemy that has been outlawed in America. If the moral law of the United States has made the brewery business illegitimate in that country the same law will forbid the introduction of the business into China.

We therefore respectfully petition you to use your influence to fight the introduction of the breweries into China.

Signatures:—Gertrude Howe, Hazel M. Shoub, Blanche T. Search, Gula Frances Brown, Faith A. Hunt, Catherine Baker, May Bel Thompson, Margaret Seeck, Frank B. Lenz, Olive Bannister Lenz, Egbert M. Hayes, Eva Morris Hayes, J. G. Kanderer, Barbara Kanderer, T. C. Gale, Ailie S. Gale, M.D., J. T. Illick, Bernice R. Illick, E. F. Terman, Lucile F. Terman, Fred R. Brown, Adella E. Brown, A. B Dawson, F. L. Bergin, F. J. Hopkins, E. A. Hopkins, R. Norman, H. Dunphy A. L. Pownall, Agnes C. Loggin, Mary Ridley, Marian S. Craighill, Lloyd R. Craighill.

Careless Tram Conductors

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Sir.—I shall be obliged for a little space in your valuable paper for the purpose of calling the attenton of the Shanghai Tram Co. to the carelessness or rather the dangerous habit of starting cars before passengers have had the time to board them. It brings sad consequences to many and especially to ladies.

This morning at 10:30 while a lady was trying to board the 2 southward bound car at Azaleas Terrace the car started before she could get in. At the Yu Chung Poo Bridge while another lady was boarding the very same car the conductor rang the bell and she would surely have suffered an accident had I not supported her. I boarded the car myself complaining to the conductor who with celestial calmness said it was the fault of a passenger who had rung the bell. As the two incidents happened on the same trip it shows clearly that this bad habit is in vogue at least with this conductor.

Now then what does the poster on the cars mean which exhibits in big characters the warning:

"Do not board a car in motion?"

Enclosed please find my card, as well as those of the two ladies. Thanking you, I am, Dear Sir, yours faithfully,

"CAUTION."

The Skeptic And The Schoolmasters

By Gilbert K. Chesterton

(*New York Sun*)

Much criticism on the last book by Mr. H. G. Wells has been concerned merely with its size, when the criticism did not descend still lower to the discussion of its price. It is perhaps as much of a practical point for the purchaser that the price of Joan and Peter is 9 shillings ($2.25) as that its publisher is Messrs. Cassell, New York: The Macmillan Company. ($1.75). But it is, after all, a rather unworthy topic for the critic, and one very unjust to the novelist.

If Mr. Wells is ready to write more we are certainly ready to read more, and to admire his creative capacity all the more because he can write as much as we can read. For that, after all, is the massive and amazing fact about Mr. Wells—that he can make his story so long and leave us wishing it were longer.

A Man Worth Disagreeing With

I have had my fling at him in my time, and I still flatly disagree with him on all sorts of subjects, but it is a thing much more rich and rare than many suppose to find a man who, on all sorts of subjects, can say something really worth disagreeing with. It is something to see so many pages and be sure that there are no dull pages, none of those blank pages that are covered with a mere pattern of print.

There has been a tendency of late for his books to be note books; but scarcely any other man alive could so successfully publish his private and casual note books. The flying leaves of his sketch book produce the effect of a public picture gallery. It is due to him to realise how many of his private thoughts are public thoughts; and in his new novel he deals directly with the problems of public and private education.

State Education Doth Make Orphans Of Us All

It is sharply typical of our time, whether the author sees it or no, that he has to consider the education of children in a case of what is practically the education of orphans. It is equally typical of our time that the man who comes to control their education is a stranger and almost a foreigner, an imperial pioneer from Africa, the military cousin Oswald who comes to take care of Joan and Peter.

For the first fact about our systematic education, especially our state education, is that it assumes that all children are orphans. And the second serious fact about all typically modern schooling is that the schoolmaster is a stranger.

The schoolmaster has not that half domestic character which has in all ages belonged to the priest; for nearly all human gods have been household gods. The public school has not that half domestic and wholly humane character which belongs to the public house.

Oswald, The Perfect Educator

The modern educationists, like Mr. Wells's educationist, approach their problem always from the outside and generally from a long way off. He is representative of them in the fact that he is first in touch with a large and arbitrary plan of painting the map red in Africa before he comes to the mystical and unmanageable problem of two live human beings.

It is needless to say that Oswald finds there are as many problems in Joan and Peter as in Johannesburg and Pietermaritzburg. The comedy of these complexities is traced in the telling and pointed fashion which seldom fails Mr. Wells in his social satire.

But my point here is the primary one of the form in which this modern study and instruction is instinctively cast. It is, to use the title of an amusing American story, a study of other people's children. The whole modern study of education is a study of other people's children.

Children Ready To Wear

That, for good or evil, is the spirit that separates modern education from the main tradition of mankind in the matter of the training of the young. It is said to be impossible to undo the past; but this sociology does tend to undo the parent and to turn all schools into foundling schools. It would be truer still to say it tends to turn all schools into factories.

It is as if children were made and not born; and made by an entirely new machinery. One would fancy they were found amid nothing so natural as gooseberry bushes, but rather galvanic batteries and piston rods. One would think (to give a flippant turn to the fable) that a baby was dropped not by a stork but by a crane. Modern social economy makes no use of mothers and fathers, not even the use that was made of them in the cannibal islands.

Children Can Now Enjoy The Thrills, Etc., Of Being Kidnapped

In the romance of Mr. Wells a misguided aunt kidnaps the two children to transfer them from one bad school to another bad school. This also might be an allegory of the public education of our epoch. For a great deal of compulsory instruction is a kind of kidnapping, and none the less so because the new kidnappers are as official as the old press gang.

For the progressive educationists, like the press gang, break up the family, which is the seat of freedom, the one institution a free man makes for himself. When a poor woman can be imprisoned for keeping her own child in her own house for a few hours it is obvious that there is a new authority denying the natural authority. There is even a new commandment, by which the child may come to dishonor his father and his mother that his days may be long in the school; and some days in school are long enough.

I am not denying that there may be an abnormal national need for such things, as there was for the press gang. I am pointing out that it is abnormal, and that even those who defend it should desire it to be temporary. The normal thing is for enlightenment everywhere to descend from father to son; and where there is not such a popular tradition there ought to be.

They Cannot See The Ruins For The Stumbling Blocks

On a future occasion, perhaps, I may try to do justice to Mr. Wells's own romance of education; here I would only indicate a general idea about education and an error which he and his school tend to make about it.

What is the matter with their attitude is that they always set out to bring order out of anarchy, and do not realise that it is not anarchy but the remains, or perhaps the ruins, of an older order. At the best they are like men who mistake Stonehenge for a heap of stones. At the worst they are like men who think Westminster must be a ruin because it is an abbey.

In other words, they see there is a tangle but do not see it is a tangle of traditions, each of which could and should be traced to some living root. Mr. Wells makes delightful fun, for instance, of the æsthetic craftsmen who work in copper and such materials in some of the cultured suburbs. But whether or no it is worth while to revive such mediæval crafts in such cliques of the middle classes, it is simply a historical fact that such mediæval crafts were once handed on from father to son in what we should now call the working classes. The æsthetes in this story certainly do not hand them on from father to son, because they have another modern fad called Free Love, which makes the father slightly indifferent to the son.

The working classes in clinging feebly to the family are clinging to the only tradition that really made those crafts possible. They have lost those crafts; they have come down from working in copper to working for coppers. But if it be asked why they have lost them I really incline to the opinion that they have been educated out of them.

The Mighty Fallen

The analogy between the fall of Wilhelm II. and the fate that overtook the powerful and ambitious Persian Kings, Xerxes and Darius is interesting. Xerxes reigned for twenty years in the fifth century B. C. and having subdued his rebellious Egyptian subjects set forth against Greece with a huge force, both naval and military. Herodotus puts the number of his fighting men at something less than three millions with over twelve hundred ships of war and three thousand smaller vessels. Xerxes' land campaign was for a long while triumphant and he marched on a deserted Athens. His armada, however, was destroyed before his eyes at the naval battle of Salamis. Xerxes watched this conflict from a high throne anticipating complete success, and, dumbfounded at the unexpected and overwhelming debacle, fled hot foot for the Hellespont leaving Mardonius in command of his land forces which were destroyed by the Greeks on the field of Platoca. He was murdered a few years later. Xerxes' theatrical attitude and his decree that the rebellious sea should receive three hundred lashes for destroying his bridge of boats across the Hellespont find parallels in the mentality of the monarch who has just undone his country and fled. Darius fell twice to Alexander the Great. On the first occasion he was taken prisoner and treated with magnanimity by his conqueror. On the second, he just managed to escape on horseback leaving all his treasures a prey to the victor. He was murdered during his flight by one of his own officers.

'Marechal De France'

"Marechal de France!" There is such a glamor round the high-sounding title that it adds even to the glory of men like Joffre and Foch—both the saviors of France on the banks of the Marne—for it is inseparable from the Napoleonic era.

Napoleon created the first marshals of France, surrounding himself with them as Charlemagne had done with the twelve peers. But, you will say, surely there were marshals under the Bourbon kings? You might quote famous names: Turenne, Luxemburg, Villars, Richelieu. Quite so; but they were only "marshalls of camp." It was an honor bestowed on men, sometimes for their services, more often because they were born dukes, were the brothers of influential ladies, or had been the King's playmates. It gave them rank at Court, but did not necessarily entitle them to command an army, although they usually did. There were sometimes as many as thirty-five marshals of France, and their petty quarrels about precedence often helped the enemy, as William of Orange, for example, found out.

Napoleon appointed a small number of marechaux. The names of Ney—the Brave des Braves—Augereau, Soult, Moncey, Lannes, are famous as leaders of the Emperor's armies. Their glory was won at the expense of Spain, Russia, Prussia, Austria; they became dukes and princes with oddly sounding names. For us, after a hundred years, the word "marechal" still evokes the vision of a gorgeous man, glittering with gold, his "bicorne" hat laden with the feathers he alone has a right to wear, coolly riding among the hail of grapeshot, as imperturbed by death as by the acclamations of his victorious soldiers.

Nothing can destroy this legend, not even the evil fame of most of Napoleon III.'s marechaux. Niel would be forgotten had he not given his name to a rose; but Bazaine is for ever the "Traitor of Metz," and MacMahon—the man responsible for Sedan—was the man who, royalist, became President of a Republic he meant to destroy and Jesuit-ridden, led the reaction against free thought.

The Republic, threatened from within, let the title fall in abeyance; a military dictator might have become the army's idol, and used his power to found a new dynasty. Now, when she is strong and is sure of the patriotism of men like Joffre and Foch, she can afford to reward them fittingly.

The First Night Of Peac

By Philip Gibbs

It was silent all along the front, with the beautiful silence of nights of peace. We did not stand listening to the dull rumbling of artillery at work, which had been the undertone of all closer sounds for 1,500 nights, nor have sudden heartbeats at explosions shaking earth and air, nor say in a whisper to oneself, "Curse those guns."

At 11 a.m. the order had gone to all batteries to cease fire. No more men were to be killed, no more to be mangled, no more to be blinded. The last boyhood of the world was reprieved. On the way back from Mons I listened to this silence, which followed the going down of the sun, and heard the rustling of the russet leaves and the little sounds of night in peace, and it seemed as though God gave a benediction to the wounded soul of the world.

I saw only two figures in this war now that hostilities have ceased. One is the figure of the regimental officer, from subaltern to battalion commander, the boys and their elder brothers, who went over the top at dawn and led their men, gallantly hiding any fear of death they had, and who, in dirty ditches and dug-outs, in mud and swamps, in fields under fire, in ruins that were death-traps, in all the filth and misery of this war, held fast to the pride of manhood, and in the worst hours did not weaken, and for their country's sake and the game they play offered up their lives, and all that life means to youth, as a free, cheap gift.

And the other figure is Tommy. Poor old Tommy. You have had a rough time, and you hated it, but by the living God you have been patient and long suffering, and full of grim and silent courage, not swanking about things you have done, not caring a jot for glory, not getting much—but now you have done your job, and it is well done.

Topics In Brief

Gooseflesh as well as the goose-step is now a German characteristic.—*New York Morning Telegraph.*

The "mania" is about out of Germania.—*Los Angles Times.*

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Bringing Up Father — By George McManus

BY GOLLY-IT'S BEEN NICE AN' PEACEFUL HERE ALL DAY-
I KNEW IT WOULDN'T LAST-
COME HERE!!
!!!
WELL-WHAT DO YOU WANT?
DIDN'T YOU CALL ME?
NO-I WAS TALKING TO THE DOG!!
THANKS!

His Coat

(*New York Tribune*)

Sometimes I cannot bear to see
His coat hung there so patiently
As though it waited for the day
When he would come who went away.
Last spring it was he hung it there
Upon that peg, beneath the stair,
And then ran gayly up to bed.
He'd soon be home again, he said.
He laughed and warned me not to cry
When he and I should say goodby.

And then, I watched him as he dreamed
The whole night through. How strange it seemed
That he should have such quiet sleep!
Yet now, how terrible and deep
His age-long splendid slumber is!
And that old shabby coat of his
Still hangs, expectant 'neath the stair.
Dear God! I wish it were not there!

And still my heart would break I know
If I should try to let it go.

T. R. By Himself

Here is a sketch of Theodore Roosevelt by himself, written in 1895. It was sent to Julian Ralph, who wanted some personal details for an article he intended writing and had asked Mr. Roosevelt to supply them.

It is rather hard to think of a time when a writer desiring to know Mr. Roosevelt's habits, recreations, and occupations had to go to him for them. It seems as if he must always have been as widely known as he is now. But in 1895, though he had served in the Legislature and on the Civil Service Commission, and had run for Mayor, he was no better known personally than other holders of minor offices.

He had just been appointed Police Commissioner. There was curiosity in New York to know what kind of man this was who was coming from Washington to tackle the great police problem, and Mr. Ralph undertook to satisfy it. The Colonel good-naturedly helped him, and this is the way he described himself:

July 11, 1895.

Julian Ralph, Esq.,
513 Seventh Avenue,
Asbury Park, N. J.

My dear Mr. Ralph,

1. I married Edith Kermit Carow in 1886.

2. I have five children, three boys and two girls.

3. My city address is 680 Madison Avenue, but that is not my house. the only house I own is in the country and is called Sagamore Hill. It is at Oyster Bay, Long Island.

4. I spend all of my time at Sagamore Hill, excepting when I am officially engaged. Prior to 1886 I spent most of my time when I was not in the Legislature on my ranch at Medora on the Little Missouri in Western North Dakota. Since then I have had time only to make a trip once a year for a fortnight or a month or mayhap six weeks to my ranch or to the Rockies.

To my mind Sagamore Hill is as lovely a home as there is in the United States although it is a perfectly simple one. All of my children were born there.

My hunting trophies and the heads of the big game I shot hang on the walls, in the halls, in the dining room and in the library.

In the cool fall weather I sit in the hall or the library by the big fireplaces, where the hickory and oak logs crack and the fire dances and shines over the elk, moose and buffalo heads on the wall and the bear skins on the floor. You must come out and see for yourself.

I have a library of about four thousand volumes. I think it is especially good in hunting books, out of-door books and in English poetry and American history (by English poetry I, of course, include American). In hunting books and of books of out-door life, in the fields and woods, I think it is without question the best library in the country.

I have not got very many pictures; still there are some fine engravings of Lincoln, Grant, Washington and Hamilton, and two or three reproductions of the old Dutch painters.

I have some pretty good bronzes, the best being some vases and some panther, bison and deer figures by Kernys the American sculptor.

My house stands on the hill, overlooking the bay and the sound. From the corner of the broad veranda (where I always have plenty of rocking chairs) you can see out for a score of miles across stretches of land and water. I do not think there can be a lovelier view than this at sunset.

In the top of my house I have my big gunroom and half of my books are there, too; the others are down in the library, which is my favorite sitting place, for it has a huge fireplace at one end, and above it the horns of mountain sheep, mountain goat, and pronghorn antelope.

I was born in my father's house, 28 East Twentieth Street, New York. For eight generations my father's people have lived in this city, so that we are about as distinct a New York family as can be found.

Originally they lived on the Battery, then in Roosevelt Street, which was then our big farm. We gradually moved uptown, and my grandfather built a big house in what was then the country, at the corner of Fourteenth Street and Broadway.

By the way, I was a great deal of a wrestler at Harvard, but though, as I told you, I never won a championship; but more than once I won my trial heats and got into the final round.

I was Captain of my polo team at one time, but since I left college I have taken most of my exercises in the mountains. This is egoistic, but you asked for it. Faithfully yours,

Theodore Roosevelt.

Legal Position Of The Kaiser At Amerongen

(*From London Daily Express*)

The fact that the ex-Kaiser has abandoned German territory and has sought asylum in Holland raises a most important question with regard to his legal status and the corelative position of the Dutch Government.

Under the long-established provisions of international law, sovereigns, like ambassadors, enjoy personal inviolability and other privileges arising out of the doctrine of exterritoriality; but such rights are valid only in time of peace or on the outbreak of war between the country of a sovereign and that in which he happens to be at the time—in the latter case he is permitted to depart undisturbed.

Subject to this exception these rights are not applicable in time of war. Further, a sovereign is necessarily vested with a political and military character, and so is debarred, in time of war, from the protection accorded to the civilian population. Especially is this the case when the sovereign in question assumes in title and in functions the position of the "Supreme War Lord," and closely identifies himself with the prosecution of hostilities.

Hence he is liable, like any officer or soldier, to be captured as a prisoner of war or to be killed in the heat of the combat.

If however, he deems fit, through the fortunes of war, to escape from the field of battle or to fly from his own territory to a neutral country, he is not thereby divested of his military character; in other words, he is exactly in the same position as a fugitive soldier.

Now, according to the rule of international law, a fugitive soldier landing on neutral soil must be interned by the neutral Government until the termination of the war. It follows, therefore, that a fugitive sovereign must also be interned for the same period. Moreover, the ex-Kaiser having abdicated, ceases to be a sovereign and forfeits the right of inviolability and every other privilege incidental to the dignity of the head of a State. Consequently, his liability to internment is accentuated, inasmuch as he is now in the position of an ordinary German officer or soldier seeking shelter in neutral territory.

The conclusion, then, is that the Dutch Government is legally obliged to intern the ex-Kaiser.

A Poet Of The Prairies

Canada has done great deeds on the battlefield. The little volume of verses "Why Don't They Cheer?" by Robert J. C. Stead, entitles him to claim some of the finest poetry the war has produced. It is not difficult to understand the development of Mr. Stead's poetic instincts, for he has lived within sight of the ice-bound Rockies, with the lonely wilderness not far distant, and his gaze centered on the prairie country with its peaceful industry and innumerable problems incidental to the settling of a fertile Empire.

Before the war Mr. Stead was known to Canadians as "The Poet of the Prairies." There is a strength, a beauty, a restrained passion in his war verses which prove his ability to penetrate into the heart of things such as very few of our war poets have exhibited. What more exquisite could be imagined than the opening lines of "He Sleeps in Flanders":

He sleeps in Flanders. Well he sleeps.
For Flanders' sleep is deep indeed;
About his bed the trench-rat creeps;
In some far home a woman weeps;
And the lone moon its vigil keeps
Above his sleep in Flanders.

No finer tribute has ever been paid to the magnificent endurance of our great ally in the face of the German onslaught than Mr. Stead's ode "To France." Take the two last stanzas:

And that black lust that would thy virtue rape
And set a ransom on thy bruised head:
Its spawnings rot among the countless dead.
And all its land is wrapped in tears and crepe.
And thou has suffered; who shall count the toll?
Thy cup of grief shall silently endure:
But thy great spirit riseth white and pure.
For France is still a nation and a soul!

The spirit which brought the Dominions to the aid of the Mother-country in the great struggle is nobly expressed in "The Call":

"They will not hear the call," the foeman said.
"Or if they hear will hear it to defy;"
Himself, on force and fury fed,
Think only force can drive a man to die;
And looking from the mother to her sons
He saw no force to herd them to the fight;
Behold, a force not born of guns
Shall drive them forth in majesty and might.

—J. B. W.

Mind And Heart For Any Fate

If then we prefer to meet danger with a light heart . . . . and with a courage which is gained by habit and enforced by law, are we not greatly the gainers? Since we do not anticipate the pain, although when the hour comes we can be as brave as those who never allow themselves to rest; and thus, too, our city is equally admirable in peace and in war. For we are lovers of the beautiful, yet simple in our tastes, and we cultivate the mind without loss of manliness. Wealth we employ, not for talk and ostentation, but when there is a real use for it. To avow poverty with us is no disgrace; the true disgrace is in doing nothing to avoid it. . . . . We alone regard a man who takes no interest in public affairs, not as a harmless, but as a useless character; and if few of us are originators, we are all sound judges of policy. The great impediment to action is, in our opinion, not discussion, but the want of that knowledge which is gained by discussion preparatory to action. For we have a peculiar power of thinking before we act and of acting too; whereas other men are courageous from ignorance, but hesitate on reflection. And they are surely to be esteemed the bravest spirits who, having the clearest sense both of the pains and pleasures of life, do not on that account shrink from danger. . . . Such is the city for whose sake these men nobly fought and died. They could not bear the thought that she might be taken from them; and every one of us who survive should gladly toil on her behalf.—*Thucydides: The Funeral Oration of Pericles.*

President Wilson's Mother

"Lowther Street Congregational Church, Carlisle, proposes to erect a tablet outside the building on which it is suggested that the following inschiption should be placed: 'The mother of President Woodrow Wilson was born at Carlisle. Her father, the Rev. Thomas Woodrow, was minister of this church from February, 1820, to June, 1835.' Besides his ministry at the Independent Church, Mr. Woodrow (President Wilson's grandfather) was the head of a 'gentlemen's boarding academy,'" says the *Christian World.*

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WILKINSONS
PAINTS & VARNISHES FOR ALL GENERAL PURPOSES
FOR OVER 50 YEARS WE HAVE HAD RESIDENT REPRESENTATIVES IN THE FAR EAST AND HAVE MADE A COMPLETE STUDY OF PAINT AND VARNISH PROBLEMS IN TROPICAL COUNTRIES. THIS EXPERIENCE IS AT YOUR SERVICE BY COMMUNICATING WITH OUR LOCAL BRANCH
SHANGHAI, HONG KONG, BOMBAY.
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AGENTS AND DISTRIBUTORS IN EVERY PORT.
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GREAT BRITAINS LARGEST PAINT & VARNISH MAKERS. FOUNDED 1770
Caledonian Works, POPLAR, LONDON, E.

$4.00 Per hour $1.00 minimum
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FOR HIRE CARS 'PHONE WEST 1234
$4.00 Per hour $1.00 minimum
H. S. HONIGSBERG & CO., INC.
40, Bubbling Well Road
$4.00 Per hour $1.00 minimum

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, January 15, 1919.

Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate.	
@ 5/1=Tls.	3.93
@ exch. 72.4=Mex.	$5.43
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,	
@ 121=Tls.	82.64
@ 72.4=Mex.	$114.14
Mex. Dollars Market Rate:	72.1
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls.	257
Copper Cash ..... per tael	1828
Native Interest ..... Tls.	.09

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	48 7/16d.
Bank Rate of Discount	5%
Ex. Paris on London	Fr. 25.98
Ex. N.Y. on London T.T. G.	$4.76½

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T. 5/1
London	Demand 5/1⅛
India	T.T. 338⅛
Paris	T.T. 661
Paris	Demand 664
New York	T.T. 121
New York	Demand 121⅛
Hongkong	T.T. 64⅛
Japan	T.T. 42⅜
Batavia	T.T. 287½
Singapore	T.T. 46⅛

Banks Buying Rates

London	Demand 5/2
London .... 4 m/s.	Cdts. 5/3⅛
London .... 4 m/s.	Docy. 5/3⅜
London .... 6 m/s.	Cdts. 5/4
London .... 6 m/s.	Docy. 5/4⅛
Paris	4 m/s. 692
New York	o/d Docy. 122⅛
New York ..	4 m/s. Docy. 125⅜

Roubles Exchange

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 1,340	=Tls. 100
Roubles 100	=Mex. $10.25

Customs House Exchange Rates For January

Hk. Tls.	3.52 @ 5/1⅛		£1
„	1 @ 1.50	Mex.	$1.50
„	1 @ 664	Francs	7.40
„	0.74 @ 121⅛	Gold	$1
„	1 @ 42⅜	Yen	2.61
„	1 @ 15	Rupees	4.26
„	1 @ —	Roubles	—

LYONS SILK MARKET

(French Wireless)

Paris, January 14.—At the last silk market in Lyons the following prices for French and Italian silks were quoted:

	Fcs.
Raw Silk, Cevenness, first order 22/24	123
Organzines Piedmont and Messina first order 20/22	134
Italy: first order 22/22	134
First order 24/25	132

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.

Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at

10 Canton Road,

Shanghai.

"BICKERTON'S"

PRIVATE HOTEL

73, 74 and 75 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by trams. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. Separate baths, hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

Kung Yik Cotton Co. Pays Dividend

The ninth ordinary meeting of shareholders of the Kung Yik Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., was held yesterday morning at the offices of the General Managers, Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd.

There were present, Mr. John Johnstone, chairman; and Messrs. C. W. Wrightson and Char Lai-fong, members of the Consulting Committee, Mr. J. Kerfoot, Secretary, and shareholders representing 22,210 shares.

The notice calling the meeting and the auditor's report having been read, the chairman spoke as follows:

Gentlemen:

The report and accounts having been in your hands for some days, with your permission, I will take them as read.

The year under review has been one of abnormal fluctuations in the price of cotton, which you will understand when I inform you that native cotton advanced Tls. 20 per picul and dropped a similar amount during the twelve months. In former years, if we had a rise and fall in price of Tls. 2 per picul during the season, it was considered quite an event; also we were then working with cotton at Tls. 20 to 25 per picul. During the period under review, Chinese cotton was more than Tls. 50 per picul. You will understand, that, with such high prices, our products were not in such good demand. In addition during the year the trade has been hampered by the political unrest throughout the country and by the insecurity of goods in transit from robber bands, especially in Szechuen, which is the principal market for our yarns; consequently, during the months of May to August when we were working with high priced raw material we had to sell our yarns at a loss. The last quarter showed a decided improvement due to cheaper cotton and better prices for both yarn and cloth.

The total profit for the twelve months ending November 30, 1918, was Tls. 198,280.77, which, with the amount brought forward from last year, leaves available for distribution Tls. 204,907.90.

It is propopsed to pay a dividend of Tls. 1.60 per share and it may interest you to know that, inclusive of this year's dividend, Tls. 11.40 per share will have been paid in the eight years' working—an average of 14.25 percent per annum.

You will notice from the report that it is proposed to write off for plant and machinery, Tls. 32,000 Including this sum, we shall have depreciated this important item by one-half. With the suggested depreciation of Tls. 20,000, buildings also will stand at one-half their original value, and you will then have a very cheap mill, as even at today's high exchange, to replace it with new plant and machinery would probably cost three times the amount we now value it in our books.

We propose to add Tls. 5,000 to special repairs and renewals fund. To keep our mill in an efficient condition, it is necessary, after working eight years during day and night, to renew many of the principal working parts, and as and when supplies can be obtained from England, this work will be carried out.

The bonus to the mill staff is based on the profits for the year.

As I intimated to you at our last meeting, working costs have been high, especially as regards coal, which has cost Tls. 33,689.95 more than last year. Interest is also Tls. 1,259.14 higher.

The cotton fluctuation account appears in our annual appropriation for the first time and I would like to explain why we consider the same necessary. As you are aware, the bulk of our raw material is purchased in silver currency. To protect ourselves against all eventualities, we must always have ample supplies in hand and, as it is seldom possible to effect sales of our products to absorb all our stock, the cotton remaining overbought, especially during a year like the one under review, is liable at times to show a considerable loss through market fluctuations. Further we always have to run the risk of fluctuations in exchange which are not always favorable.

It is possible in Japan for cotton manufacturers to "hedge" their purchases of cotton by sales of yarn on the local sampin or yarn exchange, and it may be possible for us to adopt the same tactics when the exchange, which has been recently opened in Shanghai, comes into full working order. As long, however, as we have no "safe hedge" with which to protect ourselves, so long must we accept risks as those mentioned above, and it is to provide for these risks that we now propose to open this new reserve fund of Tls. 20,000 which can be drawn upon whenever cotton goes against us.

Future prospects are good as the markets throughout China are bare of stocks and farmers and country people generally have done exceedingly well with their crops for several years. Of course, high prices restrict consumption, but taking this into account, when one considers the high prices and short supplies of cloth the world over, the mills in China are in a statistically strong position for supplying China's requirements.

With the rapid advances in the price of cotton during the year, we were fully prepared for more than the customary adulteration of the raw material and took what we considered to be adequate steps to safeguard ourselves in this respect. The Chinese, however, have again demonstrated that they are past-masters in frauds of this nature and in spite of all our precautions, we regret to have to state that we have again experienced quite a serious loss in weight. For a considerable number of years past we have appealed to the Chinese Government in vain for some protection against this evil but such is not forthcoming and we are therefore thrown back on our local Cotton Anti-Adulteration Association who do their best to improve matters, under exceptionally difficult circumstances.

I think I have referred to all matters that will interest you, but if any shareholders wish to ask questions, I shall be pleased to answer them to the best of my ability.

No questions were asked and the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Proposed by the chairman and seconded by Mr. C. W. Wrightson—That the report and accounts, as presented, be adopted and passed and that a dividend of Tls. 1.60 per share be paid.

Proposed by Mr. H. J. Clark and seconded by Mr. G. P. Forster—That a bonus of Tls. 3,500 be paid to the staff of the mill.

Proposed by Mr. J. Spunt and seconded by Mr. R. S. Piercy—That the members of the Consulting Committee, Messrs. Johnstone, Wrightson and Char Lai-fong, be re-elected, with Mr. Pan Ching-poo as an additional member.

Mr. Douglas Fleming proposed the election of Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews as auditors, and in doing so mentioned that Mr. G. R. Wingrove, the present auditor, did not seek re-election owing to ill-health. Mr. Wingrove had audited the company's books for eight years and thanks were due to him.

Mr. J. J. Dunne seconded the proposal which was carried.

The chairman thanked shareholders for their attendance and said that dividend warrants would be issued today.

Weekly Cotton Market Reports

By A. B. Rosenfeld and Son

China Cotton.—The effects of self-determination so far as the farmers are concerned in deciding at what price they are to sell their cotton, especially now that the Chinese New Year is drawing near, and the tightness of the money market, were forcibly demonstrated this week when values scored another advance in the face of New York, Bombay and Japan cables.

As we contended all along, as long as the farmers will refuse to part with their cotton at current rates, their attitude will be the paramount influence on the market, resulting in higher prices for the staple, especially later on, when a general demand is made for the commodity. With no change in other general conditions surrounding the market, we continue to feel that purchases on easy spots are advisable. Tone of the market, steady. Quotations:

Liverpool, January 14:	
Egyptian.	
Mid-American, Jan.	18.56d.
Mid-American, March	16.59d
Mid-American, Spot	19.72d
Market, easier.	
New York, January 14:	
Spot	31.70 cents
March	26.01 „
May	24.70 „
Market, easier.	
Bombay, January 13:	
Indian market.	
Broach 640 Rds. per candy.	
Market, easier.	

Messrs. J. Spunt and Co., write as follows in their report for week ending January 16:

China Cotton.—Following upon the issue of our last report the market has since undulatingly evolved a further decline of about $1.00 per picul due in a great measure to absence of buyers accentuated by lower rates accepted by those necessitated to part with their holdings in preparation to meet their obligations at the fast approaching Chinese New Year Settlement day. Furthermore the decline now being recorded in Mid Americans and Indians serves more or less to have a depressing effect on the value of the local staple which promises, as it were, to continue until after the Chinese New Year festivities. Tone of the market, weak:

Liverpool:	
Egyptian Cotton, F. G. F. Sakellaridis	27.30d.
Price of Fine, M. C. Bengal	16.67d.
Price of Good-Middling	22.04d.
Price of Good-Middling last reported	21.80d.
Tone of market, steady.	
New York Market:	
Price of Mid-American, March	26.01d.
May	24.70d.
Market, steady.	
Indian Market:	
	per candy
Broach, New Crop	Rs. 645
Market, steady.	

BAR SILVER

Reuter's Service

London, January 6.—Today's Silver prices were:

Bar Silver Spot, 48 7/16d, steady, moderate business.

Previous quotations, London, January 4:

Bar Silver Spot, 48 7/16d. featureless.

London, January 3:

Bar Silver Spot, 48 7/16d. steady.

PARIS EXCHANGE

(French Wireless)

Paris, January 14.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). Paris exchange:

Paris-London checks	25.00 (?)
War Loans: 3 percent	61.62
4 percent 1917	72.65
Liberty Loans: 4 percent 1918	72.30
5 percent	89.40

Hankow Market

Hankow, January 8, 1919.

Finance And Money Market

There was a fair amount of bills offering during the week, and also some inter-bank selling and buying for March.

For Taels T.T. on Shanghai the Chinese market hardened to 97½ and even higher could be got for cash as money was in demand in Shanghai. Foreign bank were unwilling sellers.

Dollars are firmer, closing at 70.3 buyers and 70.5 sellers Chinese market.

Interest: 16 percent. Changsha exchange: 23.

Exports

In spite of continued lack of demand prices are in many cases higher owing to the general scarcity of cargo, which makes business well nigh impossible. The feature of the week has been the berthing of several British steamers for the United Kingdom at Conference Rates, with plenty of space available, particularly for foodstuffs.

Purchases of seeds, pulse and tallow have been reported, and the market generally has a firmer tone. There have also been inquiries for hides, but at current rates of exchange limits from home are too low to induce holders to send supplies to this market. The present tightness of money and high exchange render any business very difficult.

Goatskins prices have advanced very considerably and are far above the parity of values at present ruling in America.

Imports

Business has been reported in this market in yarn, native drills and sheetings; but generally there has been very little doing.

Clearances of cloth have been fair.

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, January 15, 1919.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official

Hongkong and Shanghai Banks $645.00

Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Tls. 90.00 March

Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Tls. 86.00 January

Shanghai Tugs (Ord.) Tls. 83.00

Sungei Duri Tls. 8.75

Unofficial

S.M.C. 5½% Debs. 1913 @ Tls. 73.00

Shanghai Lands Tls. 69.00

The Chinese Benevolent Association

271-6 Boulevard des Deux Republiques

Benevolent Fund Ticket

$50,000.00

Issued under the authorisation of the Government of the Republic of China on the 2nd April, 1918.

To be drawn among 50,000 successive numbers in full view of the public in Shanghai, China, on the 21st January, 1919.

One tenth of each ticket will be sold at $0.60, the proceeds of which after payment of prizes, charges, etc., will be divided between the Hunan Famine Relief Fund and the Benevolent Institutions. The Association reserves to itself the right to allocate the proceeds to the above objects, if any of the tickets are unsold on date of drawing proportional reduction in the allocation will be made.

Prices for whole tickets $6.00.

LIST OF PRIZES FOR WHOLE TICKETS

1	First Prize			$50,000
1	Second Prize			10,000
1	Third Prize			5,000
2	Fourth Prizes	$2,000	each	4,000
2	Fifth Prizes	1,000	„	2,000
2	Sixth Prizes	500	„	1,000
10	Seventh Prizes	100	„	1,000
20	Eighth Prizes	50	„	1,000
50	Ninth Prizes	40	„	2,000
800	Tenth Prizes	20	„	16,000
2	Each approximate to the First Prize	300	„	600
2	Each approximate to the Second Prize	150	„	300
2	Each approximate to the Third Prize	100	„	200
4	Each approximate to the Fourth Prize	50	„	200
499	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of first Prize	18	„	8,982
499	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Second Prize.	15	„	7,485
499	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Third Prize	12	„	5,988
998	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Fourth Prize	10	„	9,980
3,394	drawn tickets	Total		$125,735

Tickets may be obtained from all dealers.

All prizes won locally will be given at The Chinese Benevolent Association (271-6, Boulevard des deux Republiques, Shanghai); if abroad, will be paid at the Branch Offices of The Bank of China elsewhere.

THE CHINESE BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION

R. MARTENS & Co., LTD.

1 The Bund

WHITE ZINC -:- WHITE LEAD

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MARINE PAINTS

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Cheap Lighting

Everybody, of course, knows that electricity is the cleanest, softest and in ALL respects the best illuminant, but not everybody yet knows that

THE METAL LAMP

has cut down the cost of electric lighting to a third of its former amount making it the CHEAPEST illuminant.

PRICE OF METAL LAMPS

16, 25, 32 and 50 c.p.	Tls. 0.40 each
100 c.p.	„ 0.80 „
200 c.p.	„ 2.50 „

Obtainable at the

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT

SHOWROOMS: 471-2 NANKING ROAD. TEL. CENTRAL 2660.

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up (Main Line) Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

STATIONS.	Local	Express R.	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R	Local	Fast Local	Night Express R.S.
SHANGHAI NORTH ..... dep.	..	7.55	9.10	9.40	12.45	16.25	17.15	22.00
SOOCHOW ..... dep.	..	9.41	11.22	12.20	14.55	18.15	19.20	1.08
WUSIH ..... dep.	..	10.31	12.24	13.41	15.54	19.27	20.20	2.10
CHANGCHOW ... dep.	6.30	11.22	13.16	15.08	16.48	..	21.25	3.10
TANYANG ..... dep.	8.05	12.09	14.11	16.16	17.41	..	..	..
CHINKIANG ..... dep.	9.16	12.52	14.55	17.17	18 22	..	..	5.06
NANKING ..... arr.	11.19	14.15	*16.35	19.20	19.50	..	..	6.50
PUKOW ..... dep.	..	..	18.20		..	..	..	..
TSINANFU ..... dep.	..	..	17.46		..	..	..	..
TIENTSIN ..... arr.	..	..	6 00		..	..	..	..
CENTRAL ..... dep.	..	..	7.20		..	..	..	..
PEKING ..... arr.	..	..	10.20		..	..	..	..

STATIONS.	Local	Fast Local	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R.	Express R.	Local	Night Express R.S.
PEKING ..... dep.	..	..	16.45		..	..	..	..
TIENTSIN ..... arr.	..	..	19.30		..	..	..	..
CENTRAL ..... dep.	..	..	21.46		..	..	..	..
TSINANFU ..... dep.	..	..	3.15		..	..	..	..
PUKOW ..... arr.	..	..	6.00		..	..	..	..
NANKING ..... dep.	..	..	*7.25	8.00	11.45	*14.20	15.25	22.00
CHINKIANG ..... dep.	..	..	9.00	10.10	13.30	16.06	18.16	1 00
TANYANG ..... dep.	..	..	9.36	10.59	14.12	16.41	19.08	..
CHANGCHOW .. dep.	7.00	..	10.24	12.18	15.05	17.39	20.20	3.06
WUSIH ..... dep.	8.15	7.10	11.28	13.36	16 00	18.29	..	4.11
SOOCHOW ..... dep.	9.36	8.08	12.23	14.54	17.01	19.21	..	5.12
SHANGHAI NORTH ..... arr.	12.15	10.15	14.20	17.30	19.00	21.00	..	7.00

R. Restaurant Cars. *Connects at Pukow with the through Siberian service. S. Sleeping Cars.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (BRANCH LINE) Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down

WOOSUNG FORTS .. dep.	6.30	8.10	10.30	12.15	14.40	16.20	18.10	19.55	21.30
KIANGWAN dep.	7.17	8.57	11.17	13.42	15.07	16.47	18.37	20.22	21.57
SHANGHAI NORTH .. arr.	7.25	9.05	11.25	13.50	15.15	16.55	18.45	20.30	22.05

SHANGHAI NORTH ..... dep.	6.10	7.30	10.05	12.25	14.00	15.30	17.20	19.10	20.45
KIANGWAN dep.	6.21	7.41	10.16	12.36	14.11	15.41	17.41	19.21	20.56
WOOSUNG FORTS .. arr.	6.45	8.05	10.40	13.00	14.35	16.05	18.05	19.45	21.20

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North ..... dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Siccawei ..... dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South ..... dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Sungkiang ..... dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Kashai ..... dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.23	....	16.53	18.49	....
Kashing ..... dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.25	....	17.22	19.20	....
Yehzah ..... dep.	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....
Changan ..... dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....
Hangchow ..... dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou ..... arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou ..... dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Hangchow ..... dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Changan ..... dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.35
Yehzah ..... dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40
Kashing ..... dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30
Kashai ..... dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Sungkiang ..... dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....
Shanghai South ..... arr.	*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	10.30	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Siccawei ..... dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North ..... arr.	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE. ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao	dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou	dep.	—	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....
Kenshangmun ..	dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow	dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Hangchow	dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun ..	dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Zahkou	arr.	—	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

R. Restaurant Cars

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,200,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Iloilo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taiping
Delhi	Medan	(F. M. S.)
Haiphong	New York	Tavoy (Lower
Hankow	Peking	Burma)
Hongkong	Penang	Tientsin
	Yokohama	

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART.
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital ..... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve ..... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bangkok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoote	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital ..... Yen 10,000,000
Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Bilying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtao, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

YOA YU,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s. $15,000,000
Silver 19,500,000
$34,500,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak Chairman.
G. T. M. Edkins Esq., Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell
C. S. Gubbay Esq.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
E. V. D. Parr Esq.
W. L. Pattenden Esq.
J. A. Plummer Esq.

Chief Manager.
Longkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala-Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County and Westminister Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kug. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government ..	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Sciete Generale pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
Chefoo	Hongkong	Shanghai
Dairen	Manchouli	Tientsin
(Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Desposit Boxes.

L. JEZLERSKI,
G. CARRERE.
Managers for Asia.

MITSUI BANK, LD

SHANGHAI BRANCH
13 Foochow Road

Capital (Paid-up) ..... Yen 30,000,000
Reserve ..... Yen 13,950,000

Head office: Tokio, Japan.
President: Baron Takayasu Mitsui.

Branches:
Osaka, Nishi (Osaka), Kobe, Yokohama, Nagasaki, Moji, Fukuoka, Shimonoseki, Hiroshima, Kyoto, Nagoya, Kukagawa (Tokio), Otaru.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Barclays Bank, Ltd. The London City and Midland Bank, Ltd.
New York: The National City Bank of New York. The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business transacted.

I KENJOH, Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital .. $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital $12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund $1,298,552.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,898,933.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Changchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hauchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtau	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts and Dollar Current Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG.
Manager.
Shanghai, 1st Nov., 1918.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Capital $541,000.00
Reserve Fund 26,960,000
Deposits (June 30, 1918) $2,688,000.00

Cable and Telegraphic Address: "COMSAVBANK"
Telephone: Central 4522.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China and domestic exchange a specialty.

Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in taels and dollars according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on Savings Accounts at 4% per annum.

Pocket Saving Banks.
Safe Deposit Boxes.

K. P. CHEN, General Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

中 華 匯 業 銀 行
CHUNG HOA UNION BANK

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head offices: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital $2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000

Managing Director:
SUN TAO SAN.

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wusieh
Hankow	Hangchow
Nahking	Ningpo
Yangchow	Shaohsing
Hsuchow	Canton
Pengpu	Hongkong
	Tsinkiangpu

Agencies and Correspondents in foreign countries:
London, International Banking Corporation.
New York, International Banking Corporation.
San Francisco, International Banking Corporation.
Tokio, Bank of Chosen.
Kobe, Bank of Chosen.
Osaka, Bank of Chosen.
Yokohama, Bank of Taiwan.
And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S.441 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.
T. D. ZAR, Sub-Manager.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus ...U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits .....U.S. $1,713,000

H. T. S. Green,
President & General Manager.

London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.

San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street.

Far Eastern Branches
China: Shanghai, Peking Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.
Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.
Philippines: Manila, Cebu.
India: Bombay, Calcutta.
Straits Settlements: Singapore.
Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.

West Indian and Central American Branches:
Republic of Panama: Panama, Colon
Republic of Colombia: Medellin.
Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris.
Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with *The National City Bank of New Y* we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahai, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo Valparaiso.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND,
Manager.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Capital (fully paid) .....H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund .....H.$ 240,000.00
Investment reserve fund H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Capital: Kuping, Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.
Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager.
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed .. Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up .... Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 24,300,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Los Angeles.	S. Francisco
Buenos Ayres	London	Seattle
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Shimonoseki
Dalny	Mukden	Singapore
Hankow	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Harbin	Newchwang	Sydney
Hongkong	New York	Tientsin
Honolulu	Osaka	Tokio
Kaiyuen	Peking	Tsinanfu
Kobe	Rangoon	Tsingtau
		Valdivostock

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4 % per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e., Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana
Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

Banque Belge Pour l'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-Up Capital .. Frs. 30,000,000

Head office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS, Manager for China.

The Mercanile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Subscribed Capital 1,125,000
Paid-up Capital 562,500
Reserve Fund 659,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.
EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and an Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager.
26 The Bund.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

(Formerly The Chekiang Shing Nih Chartered Bank Ltd.)
Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital $4,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 266,000.00

Head Office: Shanghai
14a Peking Road.
Managers' Office, Central 2650
Tel.: General: Central 2613 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in taels and dollars according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Savings Account at 4% per annum.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent

SHU CHIN MIH, Sub-Manager.
SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
O. C. YANG, Sub-Manager.

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market as compiled on January 14, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	„	16-20
Pork	„	25-30
Veal	„	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	16-18
Cod	„	18-20
Mandarin	„	20-30
Mackerel	„	25-30
Pomfret	„	25-30
Salmon	„	16-18
Samli	„	none
Soles	„	16-18
Whitebait	„	16-20
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$2.00-$2.50
Duck	„	40-80
Eggs	per doz.	18-24
Fowl	per lb.	16-18
Turkey	„	30-35
Geese	each	$1.00-$1.40
Hare	„	30-35
Partridge	„	35-40
Pheasant	„	50-60
Pigeons	„	20-25
Plover	„	none
Quail	„	18-20
Snipe	„	14-16
Teal	„	14-16
Wild Duck	„	30-35
Wild Geese	„	40-50
Wild Pigeons	„	10-12
Woodcock	„	40-50
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	„	14-20
Bananas	„	6-7
Cherries	„	none
Chestnuts	„	10-12
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	20-25
Lemons	each	8-10
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Mangosteens	per doz.	none
Melons	each	none
Oranges	per lb.	8-12
Peaches	„	none
Pears	„	10-12
Persimmons	„	none
Peeboes	„	none
Plums	„	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples	„	8-10
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	„	12-14
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	2-3
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	„	8-10
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
French Beans	per lb.	8-10
Broad Beans	„	8-10
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	14-16
Cabbage	each	3-4
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	10-15
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	6-8
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	„	6-8
Parsnips	per bunch	3-4
Potatoes	per picul	$1.70-$2
Grain And Flour		
Flour American	per 50 lbs.	——
Flour Australian	„	$4.00
Flour Shanghai	„	$2.25
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$6.80
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	„	17
Fodder		
Barley	per 114 lbs.	$2.50
Bran	„	$2.20
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton Tls.	19.00
Stove Coal	per ton Tls.	23.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

Launch Services

TOMORROW

The tender Victoria conveying passengers and mails on board the C.M. s.s. Nanking will leave the Customs Jetty at 4 p.m.

The tender conveying passengers on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 10 a.m.

Saturday, January 18, 1919.

The tender Alexandra conveying passengers and mails on board the R.M.S. Empress of Japan will leave the Customs Jetty at 4 p.m.

Tuesday, January 21, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 12.30 p.m.

Friday, January 24, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the R.V.F. s.s. Penza will leave the Customs Jetty at 4 p.m.

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco		
Shinyo Maru	Dec.	22
Tascalusa	Jan.	1
For Seattle		
Fushimi Maru	Dec.	21
Kashima Maru	Jan.	4
For Vancouver		
Monteagle	Dec.	29
Bessie Dollar	Jan.	13
For London, etc.		
Altai Maru	Dec.	27
Yokohama Maru	Dec.	28
Toyama Maru	Jan.	8
For Liverpool		
Polyphemus	Jan.	4
For Marseilles:		
Ganges Maru	Dec.	22
Genzan Maru	Dec.	28
Adrien Badin	Jan.	4
Katia	Jan.	12
For Copenhagen		
Australien	Dec.	25
For Europe		
Seifuku Maru	Jan.	2
For Bombay		
Dilwara	Jan.	7
For Saigon		
Geraldine Wolvin	Dec.	31

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B. ..	$640 B.
Chartered	£80 CNI
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 220
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$405
North China	Tls. 120 B.
Union of Canton ...	$850
Yangtsze	$205 B.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 26 S.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$158 B.
Hongkong Fire	$340 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def	$156
Indo-China Pref...	
"Shell"	131/- B.
Shanghai Tug (o) ..	Tls. 33½
Shanghai Tug (f) ...	Tls. 37½
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 9½ B.
Oriental Cons	21/-
Raub	$2½
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$155 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 134
New Eng. Works ...	Tls. 24 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf ...	Tls. 85 B.
Hongkong Wharf ...	$110½ B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land .	Tls. 80
China Land	Tls. 80
Shanghai Land	Tls. 69 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	$14 B.
China Realty (ord.).	Tls. 65
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 168
E-wo Pref	Tls. 97½
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 125
Oriental	Tls. 58
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 150
Kungyik	Tls. 15½ B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 8½ B.
Yangtszepoo Pref. ...	Tls. 99
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$92½ B.
Green Island	$9.10 B.
Langkats	Tls. 21½
Major Bros	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra ...	Tls. 112½
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$13½ B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$95
Moutrie	$33
Watson	$5.85
Weeks	$13
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 8
Amherst	Tls. 0.40 B.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7½
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 20
Batu Anam 1918 ..	Tls. 0.70 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2 B.
Bute	Tls. 0.75 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 1 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 7½
Cheng	Tls. 2.10
Consolidated	Tls. 2½ B.
Dominion	Tls. 5 B.
Gula Kalumpong ...	Tls. 6½
Java Consolidated ..	Tls. 15
Kamunting	Tls. 3½ B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.50
Kapayang	Tls. 16
Karan	Tls. 10½
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 5 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 16
Padang	Tls. 9½ B.
Pengkalan Durian ..	Tls. 4½
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.70 B.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.85
Seekee	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 0.35 B.
Senawang	Tls. 8
Shanghai Klebang ..	Tls. 0.50
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 4
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 10
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1½
Sungala	Tls. 1
Sungei Duri	Tls. 8½ B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3½ B.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.60
Shanghai Seremban ..	Tls. 0.50 B.
Taiping	Tls. 1½
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.35 B.
Tebong	Tls. 15
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 3½ B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I and E. Lumber..	Tls. 250 B.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 12
S'hai Elec. and Asb...	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 68 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 24 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 33
Shanghai Mercury ...	Tls. 50
Shanghai Telephone.	Tls. 76 B.
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 160 B.

S. Sellers. Sa. Sales. B. Buyers.

Telephone No. Central 393
Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. Jan. 18
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kokura M. Jan. 20
For U.S. Canada and Europe:
Per C.M. s.s. Nanking ....Jan. 17
Per R.M.S. E. of Japan....Jan. 18
For Manila
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Tamba M....Jan. 18

MAILS DUE

From U. S. and Canada
Per .....Jan. 18
Per C.M. s.s. China .....Jan. 23
From France
Per M.M. s.s. Porthos ....Jan. 19

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Jan.	16	— Tacoma, etc.	Arabia Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan.	17	— San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Jan.	18	— San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Jan.	18	— Vancouver	Empress of Japan	Br.	C.P.R.
Jan.	30	— San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Jan.	—	— Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Feb.	—	— Vancouver	Stanley Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Feb.	—	— Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Feb.	1	— San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Feb.	2	— Seattle, etc.	Katori Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	9	— San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Feb.	11	— San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Feb.	22	— Vancouver	Empress of Russia	Br.	C.P.R.
Feb.	23	— New York via Panama	Bloemfontein	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Mar.	2	— Tacoma, etc.	Africa Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Mar.	8	— San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Mar.	31	— Seattle, etc.	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Jan.	16	— Kobe	Mishima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	18	— Moji, Kobe and Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	21	— N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Kokura Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	22	— Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	24	— Nagasaki	Penza	Rus.	R.V.F.
Jan.	25	— Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	28	— N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Yamashiro M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	29	— Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	31	— N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Santo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE IND IA, STRAITS, ETC.

Jan.	20	— Liverpool, etc.	Tamba Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	23	— London	Kalomo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	25	— London, etc.	Benarty	Br.	G.L. & Co.
Jan.	25	— London, etc.	Pembrokeshire	Br.	Glen Line
Jan.	31	— London	Borneo Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Jan.	31	— London	Tajima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	—	— Marseilles	Sphinx	Fr.	M.M.
Jan.	—	— Marseilles	Porthos	Fr.	M.M.
Feb.	3	— London, etc.	Mishima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	10	— London	Teiresias	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	15	— Liverpool	Agamemnon	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	17	— London, etc.	Nore	Br.	P. & O.S.N. Co.
Feb.	22	— London, etc.	Celebes Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Feb.	—	— Marseilles	Luzon Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Feb.	—	— London	Glenavy	Br.	Glen Line
Mar.	3	— London, etc.	Novara	Br.	P. & O.S.N. Co.
Mar.	3	— London, etc.	Glenffer	Br.	Glen Line
Mar.	—	— London, etc.	Alps Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Mar.	—	— Marseilles	Andre Lebon	Fr.	M.M.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Jan.	16	4.30 Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	16	10.00* Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	16	— Foochow	Hsinchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	17	4.00 Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	17	4.30 Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
Jan.	17	— Hongkong & Canton	Kwangtah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	19	D.L. S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	22	— Hongkong and Manila	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Jan.	22	— F'chow, K'lung & Takao	Kohoku Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan.	23	D.L. Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	26	D.L. Swatow & Hongkong	Kaifong	Br.	B. & S.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Jan.	17	11.00* Tsingtao and Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Jan.	17	— Tsingtao	Yekishin Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Jan.	21	1.30 Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Jan.	24	4.00 Vladivostock	Penza	Rus.	R.V.F.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Jan.	16	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	16	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tachi Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Jan.	16	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	16	10.00* Wuhu	Wenchow	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	17	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	17	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	17	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Yohyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Jan.	18	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Siangyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Jan.	18	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	19	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	20	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	21	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	21	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	22	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	23	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	24	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	25	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Kiangyu**, Captain F. Carlson, will leave on **Thursday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Tachi Maru**, Captain S. Honjo, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Thursday, January 16**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Luenho**, tons 2,868, Capt. Jackson, will leave on **Thursday, January 16**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Yohyang Maru**, Captain Y. Ikeda, will be despatched from the N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Friday, January 17**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Suiwo**, tons 2,671, Captain Gray, will leave on **Friday, January 17**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, January 17**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Siangyang Maru**, Captain J. A. Scott, will be despatched from the N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Saturday, January 18**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chungking**, Captain J. Meathrel, will leave on **Saturday, January 18**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Kutwo**, tons 2,664 Captain Gibb, will leave on Monday, **January 20**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Tuckwo**, tons 3,770, Capt. Campbell, will leave on **Tuesday, January 21**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ngankin**, Captain H. A. Wavell, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, January 21**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain Pickard, will leave on **Wednesday, January 22**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tatung**, Captain C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, January 23**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, January 24**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Captain F. Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, January 25**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents Fernch Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

FOOCHOW.—The Str. **Hsinchi**, Captain E. Hansen, will leave on **Thursday** noon at 12 o'clock. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S. N. Co.**

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Sunning**, Captain W. L. Jones, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Thursday, January 16**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain A. Stott, R.N.R., will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, January 17**, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. **Kwangtah**, Captain C. Stewart, will leave on **Friday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

SWATOW, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Sinkiang**, Captain G. W. Eedy, will leave from the French Bund on **Sunday, January 19**, or **Tuesday, 21**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. **Kohoku Maru**, Captain M. Tsubaki, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **January 22**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave this jetty in front of the **Nisshin Kisen Kaisha** at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang**, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Thursday, January 23**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW & HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kaifong**, Captain John Cogan, will leave from the French Bund on **Sunday, January 26**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Northern Ports

TIENTSIN & DAIREN via TSINGTAO.—The Steamer **Suma Maru**, Captain N. Iwamatsu, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Sunday, January 26**, at——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the **Nisshin Kisen Kaisha** at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. Central 4234 & 4235.

For Foreign Ports

LONDON.—The Steamer **Borneo Maru**, Captain Y. Ishikawa, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf During **January**. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at ——— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN, KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TAKOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The **O.S.K.** Steamer **Arabia Maru**, Captain I. Hamada, will be despatched on No. 9 Buoy. Through Bills of Lading are granted to ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, M'kee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment to U.S.A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs's Jetty at 4 p.m. **January 15**. For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Telephone No. Central 4234 and 4235.**

LONDON.—The Steamer **Celebes Maru**, Captain T. Nemoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **Saturday, February 22**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4 The Bund. Tel. No 4234 & 4235.

MARSEILLES.—The Str. **Luzon Maru**, Captain D. Iamizumi, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on end of **February** at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4 The Bund. Tel. No 4234 & 4235.

TAKOMA and SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Africa Maru**, Captain H. Yamamoto, will be despatched on **Sunday, March 2**. Through Bills of Lading are granted to ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment, to U.S.A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For **CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.**—S.S. **Woosung, Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Wuchang and Chungking.**—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight (except **Chungking** which sails from Pootung at midnight). These steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

The steamers **Wuchang and Chungking** are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For **WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).**—S.S. **Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.**—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For **AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.**—S.S. **Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaifong.**—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For **NINGPO—S.S. Hsin Peking.**—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

Freight: Telephone Central 77. Agents, 21-23 French Bund.
Passage: Telephone Central 401.

For the Siberian - - - - - - War Sufferers!

THE AMERICAN WOMAN'S CLUB requests your presence at the art exhibition and sale of paintings of Madam Wu Hsing-fen, China's foremost contemporaneous artist, and Mrs. James Macbeth *at the Carlton, Wednesday, January 22nd.* All proceds to go to the relief of Siberian War Sufferers.

During the exhibition, from 3 to 7, there will be a THE DANSANT beginning at 5 o'clock. Music by the Carlton Orchestra.

Admission $1.00
Tea Extra 0.50

(This space contributed by the Pacific Mail S. S. Co.)

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

FOR LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore and Port Said)

		arr.	leave
BORNEO MARU.	(10,000 tons) Capt. Y. Ishikawa,	Jan. 29	Jan. 31
ANDES MARU	(15,000 tons) Capt. K. Saito,	—	Feb.
CELEBES MARU.	(12,00 tons) Capt. J. Nemoto,	Feb.	
ALPS MARU	(10,000 tons) Capt. T. Yamaguchi,	—	Mar.

FOR MARSEILLES (Via Hongkong and Singapore).
LUZON MARU ...(8,000 tons) Capt. D. Imaizumi, end of Feb.

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama).
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

		arr.	leave
ARABIA MARU	(18,000 tons) Capt. I. Hamada,	Jan. 15	Jan. 16
AFRICA MARU	(18,000 tons) Capt. H. Yamamoto,	Mar. 1	Mar. 2

FOR HONGKONG

CHICAGO MARU	(12,000 tons) Capt. T. Saito,	Jan. 11	Jan. 12

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tsingtao and Dairen).

SUMA MARU	(3,200 tons) Capt. N. Iwamatsu,	Jan. 24	Jan. 26

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

KOHOKU MARU	(5,000 tons) Capt. M. Tsubaki,	Jan. 20	Jan. 22

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to Europe, South America, South Africa, Australia, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

For freight, passage and further information, please apply to.—

H. SHIMAMURA, Manager.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, Union Building, 4 The Bund

O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside. Tel. Nos. Central 4234 and 4235.
Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209. Tel. Address: SHOSEN, SHANGHAI

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NOTICE

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First Sailing Empress of Russia about Feb. 22nd and Every Four Weeks thereafter

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For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, etc., apply to
G. M. JACKSON
General Agent, Passenger Department, 19-A The Bund, Palace Hotel Building, Tel. Central 182.

For through bills of lading quotation of freight rates, etc., apply to
L. E. N. RYAN, Agent,
Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads. Tel. Central 181.

T. K. K.

SHANGHAI BRANCE OFFICE

TOYO KISEN KAISHA
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.)

Imperial Japanese and U. S. M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

SIBERIA MARU	For San Francisco	January 30
TENYO MARU	For San Francisco	February 11
SHINYO MARU	For San Francisco	March 8

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

All the steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performances, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

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Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the Purser.

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North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings
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THE AMERICAN STEAMERS
"NANKING" (15,000 TONS) AND "CHINA" (10,200 TONS)
WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

S.S. "NANKING" ..... JAN. 17th
S.S. "CHINA" ..... FEB. 9th

* S.S. "Nanking" does not all at Nagasaki.

FOR HONGKONG VIA MANILA

S.S. "CHINA" ..... JAN. 22nd
S.S. "NANKING" ..... MARCH 11th

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to

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CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
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SHIPPING

N.Y.K.

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(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles and England:

	Tons		
MISHIMA MARU	16,000	Capt. S. Murazumi,	Feb. 3
TAMBA MARU	12,500	Capt. S. Shioya,	Jan. 20

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington.

KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. I. Noma,	Feb. 2
FUSHIMA MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	March 31

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

KOKURA MARU	4,500	Capt. S. Ito,	Jan. 21
YAMASHIRO MARU ...	7,000	Capt. Y. Nakajima,	Jan. 28
SANTO MARU	5,000	Capt. K. Shibuga,	Jan. 31

MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. R. Arakida,	Jan. 18
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. R. Ozaki,	Jan. 22
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	Jan. 25
TAKESHIMA MARU ...	4,500	Capt. R. Arakida,	Jan. 29

KOBE TO SEATTLE

ATSUTA MARU	16,000	Capt. K. Inatsu,	Feb. 4

FOR JAPAN

MISHIMA MARU	16,000	Capt. S. Murazumi,	Jan. 17

FOR HONGKONG

KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. I. Noma,	June 29

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. J. Irisawa,	Mar. 2

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

NIKKO MARU	10,000	———	Jan. 22
KAMAKURA MARU ..	12,500	———	Feb. 19
TANGO MARU	14,000	———	Mar. 26

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to
T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

November 20th, 1918, and until further notice

Express 5.	Luxe 1. B. S.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2. B. S.	Mail 4. B.	Mail 102. B. S.
1645	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2230	1950	1020
1925	635	. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1982	1700	720
1931	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1980	1653	710
1940	650	. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep.	1920	1645	700
. .	2840	524	arr. Mukden dep.	2200	. .	1040

Local 5.	Mail 3. B. S.			Tientsin-Pukow Line			Mail 4. B. S.	Local 6.
715	2115	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	—	624		1613
725	2125	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	—	615		1602
745	2145	—	78	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	—	600		1547
1133	121	—	143	dep. Tsangchow dep.	—	139		1221
1457	449	—	143	dep. Techow dep.	—	2137		926
1801	752	—	—	arr. Tsianfu dep.	—	1746		640
7.	:	—	220	:	—	:		8.
800	815	—	—	dep. Tsianfu arr.	—	1726		1812
1039	1051	—	266	dep. Taianfu dep.	—	1458		1542
1300	1318	—	318	arr. Yenchowfu dep.	—	1153		1311
1315	1336	—	318	dep. Yenchowfu arr.	—	1142		1256
1556	1617	—	377	dep. Lincheng dep.	—	846		1032
1816	1835	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	620		810
9.	:	—	420	:	—	:		10.
630	185	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	545		2057
1156	2336	—	523	arr. Pengpu dep.	—	050		1442
1206	2345	—	523	dep. Pengpu arr.	—	030		1433
1657	412	—	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	—	2013		923
1848	600	—	631	arr. Pukow dep.	—	1830		738

Fast 6.				Shanghai-Nanking Line			Fast 5.
720	. .	. .	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	. .	. .	1628
1420	. .	. .	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	. .	. .	910

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line						Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line					
940	1350	2130	d. Yenchowfu a.	630	1230	2000	520	1110	1800	d. Lincheng a.	810	1410	2100
1033	1455	2232	a. Tsiningchow d.	528	1125	1858	638	1219	1908	a. Tsochuang d.	708	1308	1958

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 — train runs on Thursday only. 230 — train runs on Fridays only.

300 — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.
B — train has buffet car with regular meal service
S — train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s — train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsianfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, November, 1918.

Large Display Advertisements
intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press
should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Cbl.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Est
Today							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Amoy and dependencies	†Sunning	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Amoy, Hongkong and Canton	Sunning	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Hongkong and Canton	Kwangtah	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Kiangyu	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok & Syria via Pukow and Harbin (Daily except Sunday)	Train	..	..	..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Kiangteen	..	18.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tomorrow							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Dairen	Kobe maru	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.90
Japan, Canada, U.S. & Europe	Nanking	15.00	..	..	..	..	14.30
Japan, Canada, U.S. & Europe via U.S.A.	Nanking	15.00	..	..	..	..	14.30
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, Honolulu, U.S. & Europe	do		..	A14.00	..	..	13.00
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Train	8.00	..	..	..	..	7.80
Saturday, Jan. 18.							
Japan & America via Moji	Yawata maru	..	..	..	..	c11.00	1.30
Japan and America	Yawata maru	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Japan Ports	do		10.30	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan, Canada, U.S. & Europe	E. of Japan	15.00	..	..	..	..	14.30
Japan, Canada, U.S. & Europe	Venegnela	15.00	..	..	..	..	14.30
N'saki, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via Canada	E of Japan	..	15.00	..	..	..	14.00
Sunday, Jan. 19.							
Europe via Hongkong	Tamba maru	..	..	..	..	c17.30	17.00
Hongkong and Canton	Tamba maru	17.30	..	..	..	..	17.00
Hongkong, S. Ports, Australia, Straits, C'lon, India & E'pe	Tamba maru	17.30	..	..	..	..	17.00
Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Taisang	21.00	..	..	..	..	17.30
Swatow and Hongkong	Taisang	..	17.30	..	..	..	..
Monday, Jan. 20.							
Japan and America via N'saki	Kokura maru	..	..	..	..	c20.00	19.30
Japan and America	do	20.00	..	..	..	..	19.30
Hongkong	Sinkiang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Friday, Jan. 24.							
Nagasaki and Vladivostock	Penza	..	15.00	..	..	..	..

† Connect with mail to Australia.

A Money orders until 1 p.m. and parcel post 12 noon.
B Letters and boxes with declared value 7:30 p.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m.
C Letters and boxes with declared value 10:30 a.m. Parcel post and money orders 10 a.m.
D Letters and boxes with declared value 5 p.m. Parcel post 12 noon and money orders 3 p.m. on previous day.

Ordinary mails for Tientsin Peking, Hankow, etc. will close daily at 8 a.m.; express mails at 8:30 a.m.; registered mails at 8 p.m.

Arrivals

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Jan. 15	— Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 15	— Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
Jan. 15	— Hankow	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 15	— Hankow	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
Jan. 15	— Hankow	Tachi Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Jan. 15	— Hongkong	Kwangtah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 15	— Swatow	Wenchow	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 15	— Japan	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Jan. 15	— Japan	Sanbashi Maru	Jap.	

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Jan. 15	— Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 15	— London	Tofuku Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 15	— Marseilles	Goyo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 15	10.00 *Wei & Chinwangtao	Hwahkuei	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 15	10.00 *Chefoo & Tsingtao	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 15	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 15	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 15	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Fengyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Jan. 15	D.L. Wuhu	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 15	— Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 15	— Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N. S. S. Co.

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Sept. 16	— Japan	Matsu Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Oct. 1	— Japan	Melbo Maru	Jap.	
Oct. 22	—	Manila	Am.	
Oct. 26	—	Shanghai	Chi.	M. & Co.
Nov. 2	— Singapore	Tosan Maru	Jap.	
Nov. 11	—	Kienhsin	Chi.	W. & Co.
Nov. 13	— Cruise	Chuentiao	Chi.	Custom
Nov. 20	—	Shingping	Chi.	
Nov. 26	—	Meichuen	Am.	Socony.
Dec. 7	—	Kanju Maru	Jap.	M. B. Co.
Dec. 9	— Cruise	Likin	Chi.	Customs
Dec. 17	—	Shibechi Maru	Jap.	
Dec. 23	— Hankow	Anlan	Br.	A. P. Co.
Dec. 23	— Vladivostock	Michail	Rus.	R.V.F.
Dec. 26	— Foochow	Hsinming	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
Dec. 26	— Wenchow	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 27	— Hongkong	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Dec. 27	— Hongkong	Teonan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 30	—	Hydra	Nbr.	
Dec. 31	— Japan	Taishun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 3	— Hankow	Mofan	Am.	Socony.
Jan. 4	— Chinwangtao	Feiching	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 8	—	Javary	Am.	B.A.T. Co.
Jan. 9	— Hongkong	Sphinx	Fr.	M.M.
Jan. 9	— Japan	Kimfshima M.	Jap.	
Jan. 10	— Japan	Fukui Maru	Jap.	
Jan. 11	—	Yung'ng Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 11	— Chinwangtao	Hero	Nor.	K. M. A.
Jan. 11	—	Kenkiu Maru	Jap.	
Jan. 13	— Hongkong	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 13	—	S. van Koetei	Dut.	A.P. Co.
Jan. 13	— Moji	Shilka	Rus.	R. V. F.
Jan. 14	— Foochow	Hsinchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 14	— Tsingtao	Tencho Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Jan. 14	—	Justin	Am.	B.A.T. Co.
Jan. 14	—	Esperanca	Am.	
Jan. 14	— Hongkong	Mishima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 14	— Hongkong	Arabia Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.

Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Gun	Man	Commander
WTW.	———	———	Snipe	Br. g-b.				
M.M.B.	Oct. 10	———	Villalobos	Am. g-b.				
W.T.W.	———	———	Nightingale	Br. g-b.				
P&OBI	Oct. 18	———	Sel. Caboto	It. g-b.				
———	———	———	Kiangsi	Chi. g-b.				
———	———	———	Litehoan	Chi. g-b.				
———	———	———	Tsoutai	Chi. cr.				
———	———	———	Kansien	Chi. g-b.				
———	———	———	Lienkien	Chi. g-b.				
———	———	———	Houpong	Chi. g-b.				
BNB	Nov. 8	———	Kinsha	Br. g-b.				
———	Nov. 15	———	Chienan	Chi. g-b.				
———	Nov. 11	———	Fukong	Chi. g-b.				
SP	Dec. 21	———	Quires	Am. g-b.				
M.M.B.	Jan. 7	———	Woodcock	Br. g-b.				
P&OBI	Jan. 11	———	Dee	Br. g-b.				

ALLIED COMMISSION TO HANDLE ENEMY HOLDINGS

Legation Representatives And Chinese Government Deputies Are Named

The American, British, French and Japanese Legations, and the Ministries of the Interior, Foreign Affairs and Finance have, it is reported, established a commission for dealing with German interests in China. The commission at present is composed of Dr. C. D. Tenney, Chinese Secretary of the American Legation; Mr. P. E. Blanchet, Consul and First Secretary of the British Legation; and Tatsuichiro Funatsu, First Class Secretary of the Japanese Legation, Mr. S. Barton, C. M. G., Chinese Secretary of the British Legation, together with one delegate each of the three boards mentioned. The Commission is for the purpose of investigating German and other enemy interests in China under Chinese control, and will advise the Chinese Government as to the expropriation of such interests. The commission concerns itself not only with interests nominally German, but with undertakings in which enemies are believed to be interested, and in the suppression of enemy propaganda.

Shipping Items

The I.-C. s.s. Suiwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. Nanking left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday and is due at Woosung at daylight tomorrow. She sails for San Francisco via Japan Ports and Honolulu the same afternoon and the tender will leave the Customs Jetty at 4 o'clock.

The C.M. s.s. Hwahta left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Siangyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Kutwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Suiyang will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The I.-C. s.s. Tuckwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Agamemnon (European Line) left Hongkong for Shanghai on Monday at noon and may be expected to arrive today.

The C.M. s.s. Haean will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Kweilee will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The P.M. s.s. Venezuela left Hongkong for Keelung and Shanghai on Monday and may be expected to arrive at Woosung tomorrow. She will be despatched for San Francisco Saturday afternoon.

The C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Japan left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday and is due at Woosung tomorrow at midnight. The tender, with inward passengers, may be expected to reach the Customs Jetty at 9 o'clock Saturday morning. The Japan sails for Vancouver the same afternoon and the tender conveying passengers and mails will leave at 4 o'clock.

The M.M. s.s. Porthos, with French mails of December 6, arrived at Woosung last night and is expected to arrive at Shanghai this morning about 9 o'clock.

Passengers Departed

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Mishima Maru for Japan: Mrs. Sakaki and hild, Mr. and Mrs. Toriyama and children, Mrs. Y. Yora, Mr. William Cliff.

Siccawei Weather Report

14.—Rainy weather in the Yangtze Valley. Easterly squalls in the Central districts; a depression crosses Kiangsi and South Kiangsu, and moves towards Chekiang. Another cyclonic centre travels across the Pechihli and Yalu Gulfs, and progresses towards North Korea.

15.—Gloomy misty, rainy weather with NNE winds slowly backing to the North and barometer rising in our regions.

Wednesday, January 15, 1919		
WEATHER	4 A.M.	9 A.M.
Bar. at 23° F. inches	30.17	30.28
Variation for 24hrs.	-0.13	-0.01
Variation for 12hrs.	-0.04	-0.16
Wind.—Direction	N	NNE
Wind.—Miles per hour	6.2	10.6
Temperature (Fahr.)	42.4	41.7
Humidity	100	91
Nebulosity 0-10	10	10
Rainfall inches	0.10	0.07

Since War broke out
10,000 Oliver Typewriters
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Brilliant wire lamps and thus ensure utmost brilliancy, and real economy in current consumption.

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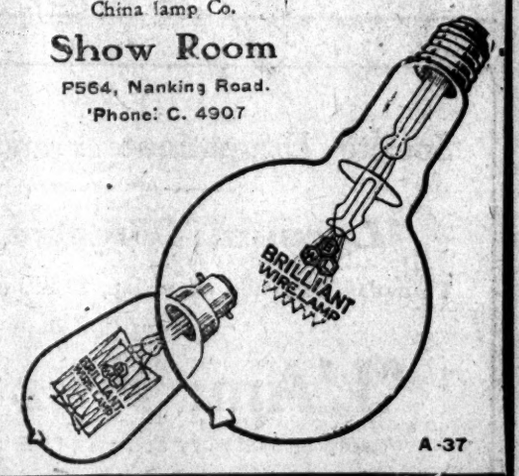

A-37

龍飛 **The Shanghai Horse Bazaar and Motor Co., Ltd.** 龍飛
(Established 1851)

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Fabbrica Italian Automobili Torino..... Fiat Cars

Arrangements were made some time ago for monthly deliveries of the above mentioned cars.

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AMUSEMENTS

APOLLO THEATRE

Thursday, January 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th

ANTONIO MORENO

The hero of "The House of Hate"

IN A GREAT FIVE-PARTS VITAGRAPH FILM

"A SON OF THE HILLS"

Here is a clever artist in a well-written play specially adapted to his personality—in fact, one may say, the part fits him like a glove

YOU WILL ENJOY HIS ACTING IN THIS FILM

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See Horatio Bottomley — "John Bull." The best topical yet

"KERNEL NUTT AND HIGH SHOES"

A good comedy with plenty of laughs

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"The Count of Monte Cristo" Epoch 5	Dorothy Gist and Owen Moore in
"The Three Vengeances"	"Susan Rocks the Boat"

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A GREAT STAR IN HER GREATEST PRODUCTION

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"WHITE RAVEN"

6 Acts. Metro Wonder-play of a gamble for Love.

Popular Prices

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Comedy in 3 Acts by Erckmann-Chatrian

Prices as usual

Booking at Moutrie's

OLYMPIC THEATRE

on Saturday, January 18th at 9.15 p.m.

FIRST CONCERT

by

THE PETROGRAD CHAMBER ENSEMBLE

"ZIMRO"

Programme

I. BEETHOVEN:—Trio E major, No. 4 for Clarionet and Violincello and Piano.

II. MOZART:—Quintette A major for Clarionet, 2 Violins, Violincello and Viola.

III. TSCHAIKOWSKI:—String Quartette No. 1 D major for 2 Violins, Viola and Violincello.

BOOKING AT MOUTRIE'S: Direction: A. STROK

Last Concert on Saturday, January 25th

The Schleswig-Holstein Problem

By Julius Moritzen

(Editor of The Scandinavian Trade Outlook)

With the war in Western Europe practically at an end, certain questions only indirectly related to the beginning of hostilities and the subsequent development of the world struggle become once more of international importance. The Schleswig-Holstein question is of this sort. After the lapse of fifty-four years there are indications that long-deferred justice may at last be done to the Danish population of North Schleswig, among whom German oppression in a most offensive form has failed to stifle the hope of some day obtaining deliverance and of being united once more with the mother country, Denmark.

The settlement of the status of the Kiel (or Kaiser Wilhelm) Canal is already foreshadowed as a military necessity by the Allies, and doubtless will be so regarded by the pence conference. Whether or not this waterway, connecting the Baltic and the North Sea, shall be neutralised, it is certain that the control of the canal by Germany for naval purposes will be terminated. It is at this point that the question of Schleswig-Holstein arises. The primary basis for such decision as may be reached with respect to the return by Germany of any part of the territory taken from Denmark in 1864 will be, of course, the Treaty of Prague, concluded August 23, 1866. Article V. of the treaty reads as follows:

"His Majesty the Emperor of Austria transfers to His Majesty the King of Prussia all the rights which he acquired by the Vienna Treaty of Peace of 30th October, 1864, over the Duchies of Holstein and Schleswig, with the condition that the populations of the Northern Districts of Schleswig shall be ceded to Denmark, if, by free vote, they express a wish to be united to Denmark."

Whatever reason Napoleon III. may have had for securing the insertion of the plebiscite provision in the treaty which followed the defeat of Austria by Prussia, Denmark has never forgotten that it was French intervention which placed the seal of condemnation upon the taking of North Schleswig, and that the righteous settlement of the Schleswig-Holstein question was a matter of international concern. The feeling of resentment at the spoliation of Danish territory was only deepened when, in 1878, following the humiliation of France and the establishment of the German Empire, the provision for a restoration of the provinces by plebiscite was annulled.

Since the beginning of the war the Danish Government, as a matter of prudence and virtual necessity, has been silent in regard to Schleswig. With the theater of war so close to the Danish peninsula, it would have been suicidal to tear open a wound never thoroughly healed; and for more than four years agitation for the recovery of North Schleswig had to cease. The only recourse was in the recollection of Gambetta's advice to the French regarding Alsace-Lorraine: "Never speak of it, always think of it." But when President Wilson, in his address of January 8, 1918, championed the cause of oppressed nationalities, Danish sympathisers with the grievances of Schleswig took fresh courage and the press began to speak out. If the newspaper discussion, which has gone on with increased activity since early in October, seems more cautious than might be expected, it must be remembered that neutrality still imposes limitations which a country in the peculiar position of Denmark may well observe.

Thus Professor L. V. Birck, of the University of Copenhagen, an eminent economist, in a recent article in the Copenhagen National Tidende, the leading conservative organ, argues that "when the Danish government, at the outbreak of the war, declared its neutrality, the absolute will of the whole Danish people was expressed therein. Denmark has no quarrel with the Entente. As for Germany, it was recognised that the situation of Denmark might expose the country to the fate of Belgium; and no matter what the outcome of the war, a defeated Germany would still be many times stronger than we, and a neighbor with whose good will we should have to reckon. The neutrality was honest because no mental reservation was behind it." Then, passing to the question of self-determination, he continues:

"President Wilson's fourteen articles do not in so many words recognise a people's right of self-determination, but in a later address the President points out that the redrawing of the map of Europe must take account of the desires of the respective nationalities. In so far as the President shall apply this principle in a wider sense as a condition of political co-operation between the European nations, the question of North Schleswig, too, will have claims upon the President's attention."

The prevailing sentiment in Schleswig at the present time regarding the extent of the territory whose return to Denmark may rightfully be claimed is indicated in a recent speech in the German Reichstag by H. P. Hanssen, the representative since 1916 of North Schleswig. "The Chancellor," Mr. Hanssen declared, "has said that he wanted a peace of right and conciliation. As a representative of the Danish population and in the name of right and justice, I request the execution of the treaty of Prague, and I propose that the North Schleswig question shall be finally settled on the basis of the free self-determination of peoples when peace is made." In other words, the time has come when the Schleswig-Holstein question must be decided. Holstein appears to be a dead issue so far as the Danish South Jutlanders are concerned. The Kiel Canal, apparently, is as far south as their thoughts run when indisputable evidence as to what does and what does not belong to Denmark is considered; although, as has already been said, much depends upon the future control of the canal and the measures taken by the Allies to make it an international highway for commerce only. To the same effect is Professor Birck's reference, not to Schleswig-Holstein, but to North Schleswig alone. "It must be said clearly and plainly," he writes in the article just quoted, "that we do not wish a regulation of the frontier which merely shifts the injustice. We wish a regulation that will wipe it out. The history of Schleswig has given us a lesson that we ought not to forget. Therefore, we must have the right to declare that under no conditions will we be the guardians of the Kiel Canal."

The same contention is urged by Peschke Koeedt, a business man and a native of Flensborg, who writes in the National Tidende:

Nobody wishes the two dukedoms of Schleswig and Holstein to be given back to Denmark, nor the Kiel Canal to be given over to the care of Denmark. Everybody agrees that the Germans, who are in the minority, and who by a frontier regulation happen to be Danish subjects, should preserve their language and culture. If any doubt should arise, necessitating the taking of a plebiscite, the people of Schleswig themselves must decide this, and if they decide that the frontier of language shall be the frontier of nationality, this decision must not be objected to, either from the German or Danish side.

It has been urged by those who favor the return of the whole of Schleswig-Holstein to Denmark that even the people of the southernmost of the two duchies could be counted on to vote affirmatively, and that the after-war taxes of Germany will be so heavy that escape from the insufferable burden will be accepted as joyfully by the Holsteiners as by the people of Schleswig. Be this as it may, a makeshift vote, would rob the plebiscite of force and purpose. Neither Denmark nor the Schleswig Danes desire an artificial augmentation of territory. While it is true that the two duchies formed part of the Danish kingdom for hundreds of years the conditions which led to the wars of 1848 and 1864 would by no means be eliminated by an arrangement that did not bear the hallmark of entire sincerity. It is this danger that the persons best qualified to judge wish to avoid. Denmark must be Danish through and through before the Schleswig-Holstein question can be regarded as settled either historically or geographically.

In the north between a line drawn from Flensborg on the east coast of Jutland to Tonder on the west, and the southern boundary of Denmark proper, the evidence is incontestable that Danish sentiment prevails throughout. This is the North Schleswig whose heart-allegiance to Denmark brooks no contradiction. If is the section of South Jutland in which the hand of the oppressor has striven in vain to dull the Danish spirit of the people. This is the part of Schleswig which Mr. Hanssen told the German Chancellor wants its wrongs redressed. Here, German officialdom, German machination, and German cajoling have been unable to shake the determination of the people some day to be free. Thousands of the men of North Schleswig have fallen on the battlefields of Belgium and France in a cause which from the beginning they abhorred. No wonder, therefore, that throughout the more than four years of war the Danes of South Jutland have been praying silently for the success of the Allied arms. Whatever value may attach to the claim that the Danish frontier should be the Kiel Canal for the section of Denmark between Flensborg-Tonder and the Kongsaa, Denmark rests its case on evidence so conclusive that even in Germany there is shame at the treatment of the North Schleswigers under a regime which, happily, has now come to an end.

Beginning with Hans Kruger, one of the two Danes whom Schleswig sent to the Reichstag in 1867, every Danish representative of the duchy has fought stoutly for the plebiscite promised in 1866. The names of Kruger, Lassen, Junggren, Johanssen, and Hanssen are those of honorable and courageous champions of Schleswig's claim to self-determination. In the Prussian Landtag as well as in the Reichstag, the representatives of Schleswig have been recognised by their opponents as men who spoke without fear.

An important part of the evidence in the case is the testimony of languages. While the whole of South Jutland, with an area of some 3,500 square miles, contains about 430,000 inhabitants, less than 200,000 of that number are found in North Schleswig. On the other hand, in the greater part of Schleswig—that is, from the Kiel Canal to the Kongsaa—the original Danish is still the only language. It is, indeed, a noteworthy fact that the language frontier has not changed since 1864; and the fact that the Danish spoken in Schleswig is purer than that spoken in any other part of the country is an enlightening commentary upon what the people think in their hearts. A few months before the beginning of the war Klappenborg-Skrumsager, a member of the Prussian House from North Schleswig, declared in a full session of that body: "As long as we have had a history, during more than a thousand years, our two nationalities (Danish and German) have fought one another in Schleswig. It has required several centuries to advance the German language a few miles north. It is absolutely certain that we do not belong to Germany by love or by devotion, but only from necessity—because you would not give us freedom."

A study of the political situation in Schleswig since 1864 shows that the main task of the North Schleswigers has been to prove to Denmark, Germany and the world that a Danish Schleswig actually exists. The elections to the Reichstag are informing upon this point. In the first election after Schleswig-Holstein passed into the possession of Germany, of the 100 parishes north of the Flensborg-Tonder line only one small parish returned a German candidate. South of the line, one large parish gave a substantial Danish majority. In the election of 1912, 89 parishes showed decided Danish majorities notwithstanding that many North Schleswigers had emigrated and German influence had been exerted in the election; in 17 of the parishes the vote was evenly balanced. Wherever German candidates were chosen it was apparent that the choice was due to political pressure upon the holders of official positions and Government dependents in general.

There is in Schleswig a railway junction, Vojens, with lines diverging south, east, west, and southeast. All the railway functionaries are German, yet the following votes recorded in 1903, 1907, and 1912, testify to the hold of the Danes upon the community:

	1903	1907	1912
Danish	106	119	159
German	197	109	103

The above is a region in which for fifty years Germanophiles have been assiduously at work. At another railway junction on the west coast, Skaerbaek, notoriously under the influence of one of the bitterest pro-German agitators, Pastor Jacobsen, the votes have shown the following divisions:

	1898	1903	1912
Danish	87	123	153
German	97	101	78

It should be remembered that in Schleswig-Holstein, since the German occupation, railways have been built primarily for military purposes, and that in consequence military influence over all civil activity predominates. When in 1912, in spite of all the effort at Germanisation, the Reichstag election returns in Schleswig showed a Danish vote of 16,555, against 11,616 in the election of 1886, it was clear that Danish Schleswig is a reality.

Because of the relatively small population concerned, the Schleswig problem occupies a unique position in the annals of oppressed nationalities. For the reader who wishes to know in detail the underlying causes of the wars of 1848 and 1864, abundant sources of information are available; the historical part of the case, at least, is clear. It remains now to show that the North Schleswigers have not in vain stood solidly for liberty and the determination of their own allegiance. Whether the Danish boundary shall be at the Kiel Canal or at some point further north—at Dannevirke, or even the line Flensborg-Tonder—the settlement of the question by the peace congress is only a demand of historical justice. It may be that Dr. Solf, the German Foreign Secretary, is entirely sincere in proposing a plebiscite to determine to which Power, Germany or Denmark, Schleswig-Holstein shall belong; but happily, that question is not now before Germany only, but before the world. For more than half a century the moral title of Germany to Schleswig-Holstein has been in controversy. From the point of view of the old diplomacy, of the old method of disposing of small states or small nationalities in any way that to the Great Powers seemed good, the claim of Germany was valid in law. Moral validity, on the other hand, it never had, and now that the old diplomacy is apparently passing, and new methods based upon ethical principles of justice, good faith, and recognition of legitimate national ambitions are apparently to take its place, it is time to right the historical wrong.

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